

# UIL Calculator Applications

## Test 25B

### (Invitational B)

**DO NOT OPEN THE TEST UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO BEGIN**

- I. Calculator Applications rules and scoring—See UIL Constitution
- II. How to write the answers

A. For all problems except stated problems as noted below—write three significant digits.

1. Examples (\* means correct but not recommended)

Correct: 12.3, 123, 123.\*, 1.23x10\*, 1.23x10<sup>0\*</sup>  
 1.23x10<sup>1</sup>, 1.23x10<sup>01</sup>, .0190, 0.0190, 1.90x10<sup>-2</sup>

Incorrect: 12.30, 123.0, 1.23(10)<sup>2</sup>, 1.23·10<sup>2</sup>, 1.230x10<sup>2</sup>,  
 1.23\*10<sup>2</sup>, 0.19, 1.9x10<sup>-2</sup>, 19.0x10<sup>-3</sup>, 1.90E-02

2. Plus or minus one digit error in the third significant digit is permitted.

B. For stated problems

1. Except for integer, dollar sign, and significant digit problems, as detailed below, answers to stated problems should be written with three significant digits.

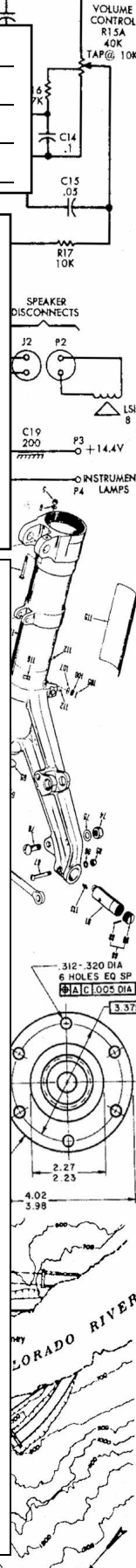
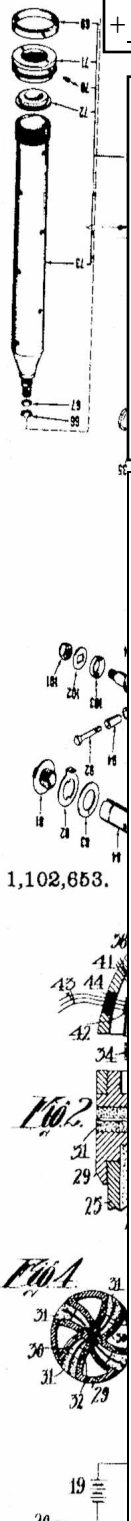
2. Integer problems are indicated by (integer) in the answer blank. Integer problems answers must be exact, no plus or minus one digit, no decimal point or scientific notation.

3. Dollar sign (\$) problems should be answered to the exact cent, but plus or minus one cent error is permitted. Answers must be in fixed notation. The decimal point and cents are required for exact-dollar answers.

4. Significant digit problems are indicated by underlined numbers and by (SD) in the answer blank. See the UIL Constitution and Contest Manual for details.

III. Some symbols used on the test

- A. Angle measure: rad means radians; deg means degrees.
- B. Inverse trigonometric functions: arcsin for inverse sine, etc.
- C. Special numbers: π for 3.14159 ...; e for 2.71828 ...
- D. Logarithms: Log means common (base 10); Ln means natural (base e); exp(u) means e<sup>u</sup>.



25B-1.  $(-7.33 - 6.64)/(7.69)$  ----- 1= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-2.  $(-21.1 \times 86.9) - (1780 - 10900)$  ----- 2= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-3.  $(-7.48 - 6.51 + 7.96) \times (\pi) - 11.4$  ----- 3= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-4.  $\frac{(-0.184)(-0.363 - 0.124 + 0.27)}{(-0.812)(-0.714)}$  ----- 4= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-5.  $\frac{\{(1.25 - 0.146 + 0.208)/(-6.88)\}}{\{(2.11)(-2.47)/(6.98)\}}$  ----- 5= \_\_\_\_\_

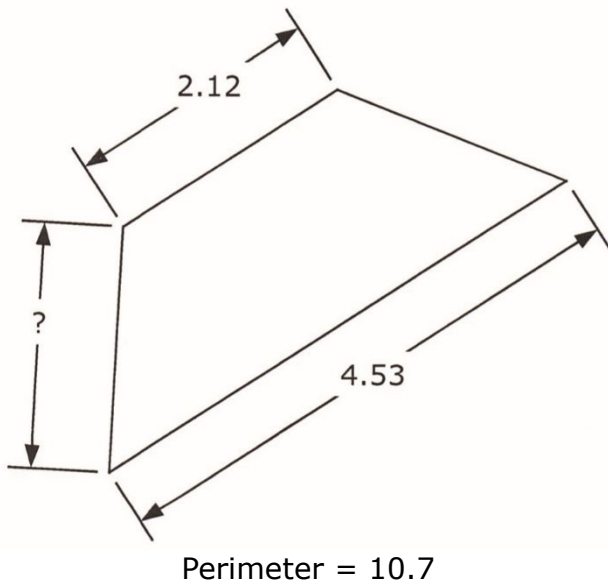
25B-6. What is the product of  $\pi$  and 8.77, subtracted from 800? ----- 6= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-7. What is 0.638 raised to the power 4.52? ----- 7= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-8. What is the remainder of  $4.78^3$  divided by 0.098? ----- 8= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-9.

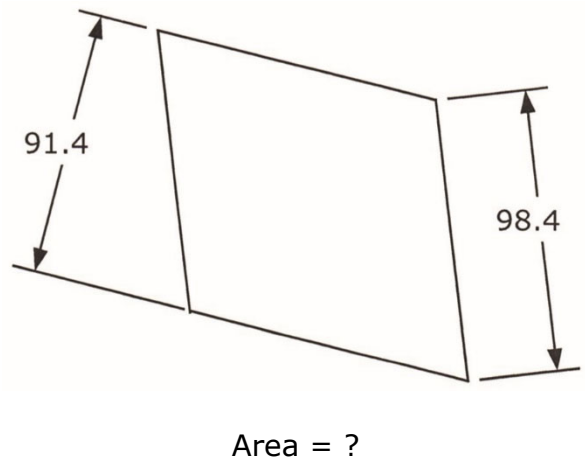
ISOSCELES TRAPEZOID



25B-9 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-10.

RHOMBUS



25B-10 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-11.  $\frac{(-0.074 + 0.0384)(0.0253 - 0.0211 + 0.0793)}{(-0.0258)(-0.0265) - 0.00133}$  ----- 11= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-12.  $\frac{\{2.21 \times 10^{-6} + (-0.00379)(0.0185)(-0.036)\}}{(0.137 + 0.186)(0.061)(1.27 + 1.13)}$  ----- 12= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-13.  $\frac{\{(-0.795 + 0.627)(37.1 + 60.8) + (-36.7)\}(0.0269)}{(-0.0774)(-0.0656 + 0.155)(0.0972)}$  ----- 13= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-14.  $\frac{(4050 + 953 - 898)(0.00254 + 0.00517 - 0.00513)}{(6.28 - 2.76)(-87.4)(-13.1 - 3.33)}$  ----- 14= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-15.  $\frac{(3.58 + 21.4)}{7.27 - 13.2} + \frac{-0.236}{78.3 + 113} + \frac{(0.747)(160 - 22.6)}{(-413)(0.378)}$  ----- 15= \_\_\_\_\_

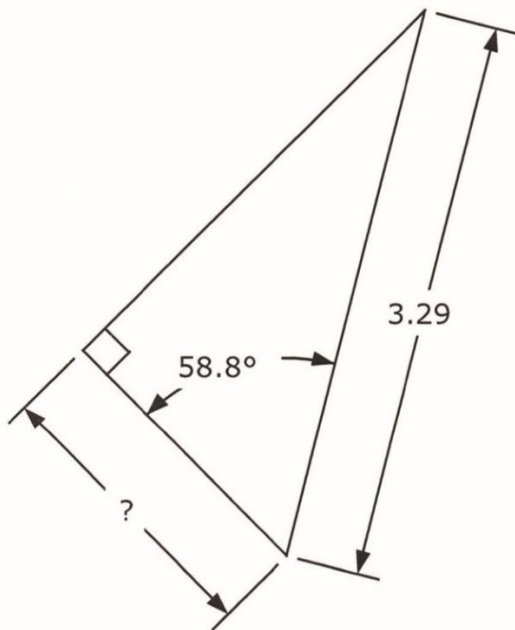
25B-16. The earth's closest approach to the sun is  $9.1097 \times 10^7$  mi; Mars' is  $1.2828 \times 10^8$  mi. What is the positive difference in these distances? ----- 16= \_\_\_\_\_ mi

25B-17. The Schlitterbahn Water Park in New Braunfels charges \$49.99 for a one-day admission and \$81.99 for a two-day pass. How much money is saved by getting the two-day pass instead of two, one-day tickets? ----- 17=\$ \_\_\_\_\_

25B-18. A copier can enlarge a letter-sized 8.5 in by 11 in sheet to ledger-sized 11 in by 17 in. What is the largest enlargement setting (>100%) that does not crop the image? ----- 18= \_\_\_\_\_ %

25B-19.

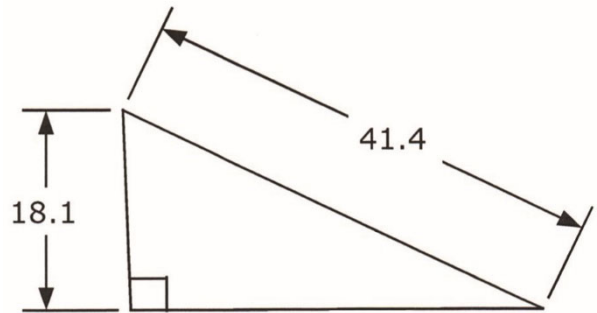
RIGHT TRIANGLE



25B-19 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-20.

RIGHT TRIANGLE



Perimeter = ?

25B-20 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-21.  $\frac{1}{-0.783 + 0.849} + \frac{1}{0.0105 - 0.0192} + \frac{1}{(0.0109)}$  ----- 21= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-22.  $\sqrt{\frac{(\pi)(1.96)}{435 + 279}} + 0.1$  ----- 22= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-23.  $\left[ \frac{\pi + 1.26 + \sqrt{0.723/0.216}}{9.28 + 3.77} \right]^2$  ----- 23= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-24.  $\frac{\sqrt{9.89 + 2.13 + (27.5)/(3.27)}}{\pi + 5.96}$  ----- 24= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-25.  $(-637)(-0.00102)\sqrt{(-0.124)^2/0.767} + 1/\sqrt{104 + 137}$  ----- 25= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-26. A 28-in tall vertical stick casts a shadow 48 in long. How tall is a tree that casts a shadow of 42.9 ft? ----- 26= \_\_\_\_\_ ft

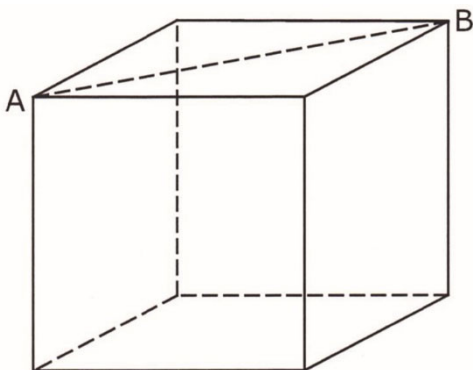
25B-27. Leo wants to run a mile at a constant, 6.5 min/mi pace. What is his time at the 100-yd mark? ----- 27= \_\_\_\_\_ s

25B-28. A web post view doubles every 36 min. How long after posting are there 20 million views? ----- 28= \_\_\_\_\_ hr

25B-29.

CUBE

AB = 420



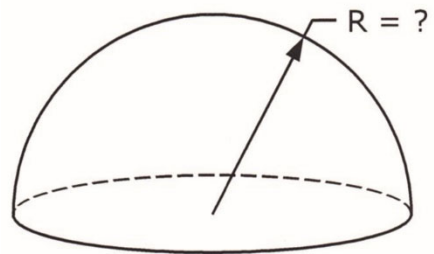
Volume = ?

25B-29 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-30.

HEMISPHERE

Volume = 295



25B-30 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-31.  $\left[ \frac{-753}{-356 + 325} + 34.6 \right] \times \left\{ 246 + (-26.4)^2 - \sqrt{1.16 \times 10^6} \right\}$  ----- 31= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-32.  $\frac{(-8.26 \times 10^5 + 9.50 \times 10^5)^2}{\sqrt{73.6 - 53.3}} + \frac{5.52 \times 10^{11}}{\sqrt{3.18 \times 10^5 + 7.18 \times 10^5}}$  ----- 32= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-33.  $\frac{(9.67 \times 10^5)^2(7.73 \times 10^{-13} + 4.85 \times 10^{-13})}{0.0371 + (-0.837)(0.147)} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{-4.78} + \frac{1}{(5.78)}}$  ----- 33= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-34.  $\frac{[0.365/(0.572 + 0.819) + 1/(2.58)]^{1/2}}{(0.654 + 0.91)^2 \times \sqrt{11.1 - (-9.86)}}$  ----- 34= \_\_\_\_\_

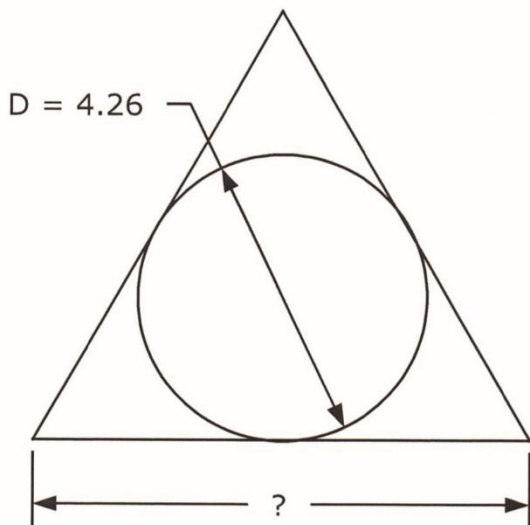
25B-35.  $\frac{\frac{1}{0.793} + \frac{52500}{(267 + 109)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1.17 \times 10^{18}}}{(54000)^2}}{(41200 + 47400)^2 + (-1.19 \times 10^{10})}$  ----- 35= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-36. Calculate the percent change in a cylinder's volume if its length were increased by 35% and its diameter decreased by 28%. ----- 36= \_\_\_\_\_ %

25B-37. Neptune orbits the sun in a circular path. It is 30.07 astronomical units (AU) from the center of the sun, and it takes 164.8 yr to complete one orbit. What is the planet's average velocity along its path? An AU equals 9.29558 $\times 10^7$  mi. ----- 37= \_\_\_\_\_ mph(SD)

25B-38. A 500-sheet ream of paper is 2 in thick. A single sheet of paper is cut in half and stacked. The process is repeated to produce a four-sheet stack. How many total times is the paper cut in half to produce a stack just over 1/8 in thick? ----- 38= \_\_\_\_\_ integer

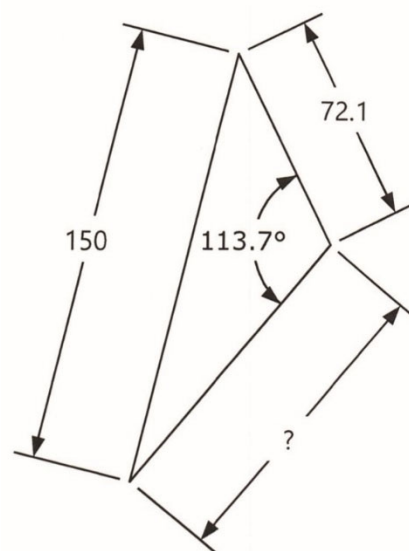
25B-39. EQUILATERAL TRIANGLE AND CIRCLE



25B-39 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-40.

SCALENE TRIANGLE



25B-40 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-41.  $(-7.59 \times 10^{-4})(-4.57 \times 10^{-4})10^{\{7.04 \times 10^{-4}/5.84 \times 10^{-4}\}}$  ----- 41= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-42.  $\frac{(7.34 \times 10^6)}{(6.75 \times 10^6)} [1 - e^{-(0.466)(0.805)}]$  ----- 42= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-43.  $-0.0613 + (0.252)\ln(3.17 - 0.51)$  ----- 43= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-44.  $(1.56)^3 + (16.3 - 14.2)^{1.68}$  ----- 44= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-45. (deg)  $\{(1.32 \times 10^5)\sin(-131^\circ)\} \times \{(-3.53 \times 10^5)\cos(-113^\circ)\}$  ----- 45= \_\_\_\_\_

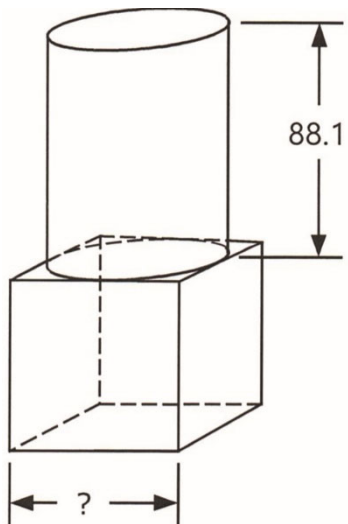
25B-46. What is the percent increase in cloth area of a shirt with a 17.5-in neck, compared to one with a 14-in neck? ----- 46= \_\_\_\_\_ %

25B-47. An inflated spherical balloon's volume is proportional to the absolute temperature. Daniel measured the diameter of a balloon as a function of temperature: (75°F, 13.82 in), (79°F, 13.85 in), (83°F, 13.89 in), (87°F, 13.92 in), (90°F, 13.95 in). What is the balloon volume when the temperature reaches 100°F? Absolute temperature (Rankine) is the Fahrenheit temperature plus 459.67 degrees. ----- 47= \_\_\_\_\_ in<sup>3</sup>

25B-48. Solve for x if  $\sqrt[3]{x-9}=2(x-3)$ . ----- 48= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-49.

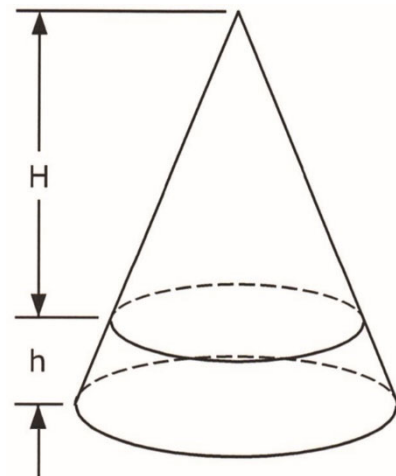
CUBE AND CYLINDER  
 Cube Total Surface Area = Cylinder Total Surface Area



25B-49 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-50.

CONE AND FRUSTUM  
 Cone Volume = Frustum Volume



$\frac{H}{h} = ?$

25B-50 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-51.  $\frac{(-0.0766) 10^{-(2.95 - 0.653)}}{0.00335 + 0.003}$  ----- 51= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-52.  $\frac{1 + e^{\{0.91 + (0.84)(1.41)\}}}{(-1380)(7.45 - e^{(-0.852)})}$  ----- 52= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-53.  $\frac{\text{Ln}(565 + 667)}{16.3} + \frac{\text{Ln}(459)}{59.1 - 17.9}$  ----- 53= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-54.  $\frac{(4030 + 4820)^{-0.416}}{(8790)^{-(0.464 + 0.175)}}$  ----- 54= \_\_\_\_\_

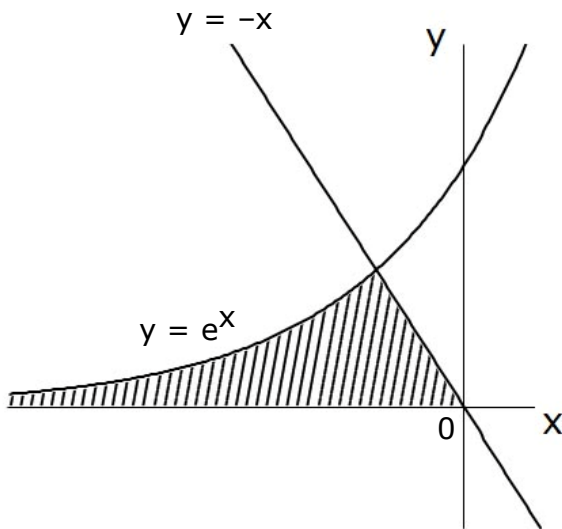
25B-55.(rad)  $\arctan \left[ \frac{(3610)(0.897)}{(8.54)(62.3)} \right] + (0.837)(1.39)$  ----- 55= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-56. What is the area enclosed by the x axis and the curve  $y = -8(x-4)^2 + 30$ ? ----- 56= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-57. An anthill is conical with a constant height to diameter ratio of 0.7. Ants build the anthill at a constant volume rate of 3 in<sup>3</sup>/hr. How tall is the anthill when its height is increasing at 0.1 in/hr? ----- 57= \_\_\_\_\_ in

25B-58. What is d if  $H_{12} = 0$ ,  $\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{KL}$ ,  $\mathbf{K} = \begin{bmatrix} 35 & 18d \\ -48 & 67 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\mathbf{L} = \begin{bmatrix} 22 & 19 \\ -2 & 19 \end{bmatrix}$ ? --- 58= \_\_\_\_\_

25B-59.

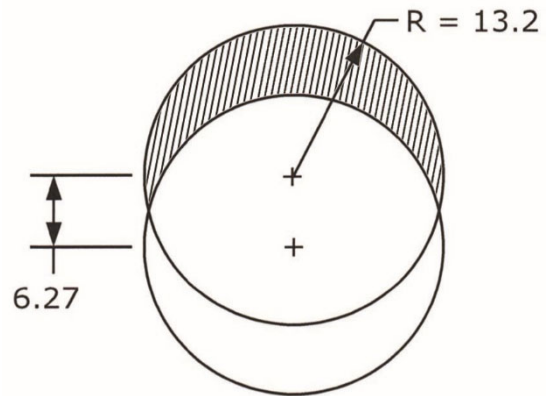


Hatched Area = ?

25B-59 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-60.

IDENTICAL CIRCLES



Hatched Area = ?

25B-60 = \_\_\_\_\_

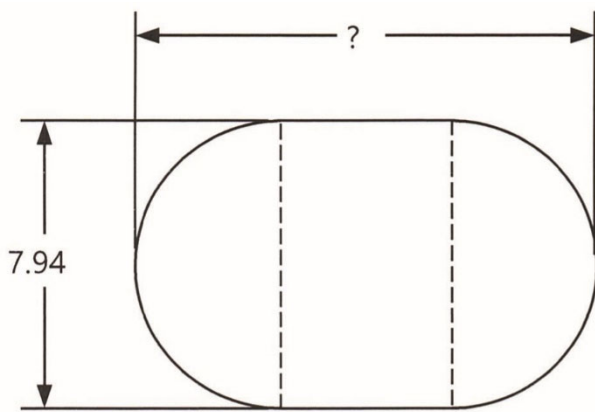
25B-61. A rubber ball is dropped from a height of 68 in. It bounced back up 52 in. How far does the ball travel before coming to rest on the floor? ---- 61=\_\_\_\_\_ ft

25B-62. A galactic year,  $2.3 \times 10^8$  yr, is the time needed for the solar system to circle round the center of the Milky Way Galaxy. What is this number raised to the 1,274th power? ----- 62=\_\_\_\_\_

25B-63. Ethan, atop an 8-ft ladder, tosses a baseball to Nova who is standing on the ground 15 ft away. His release angle relative to the horizontal was  $18^\circ$ . What should his release velocity be? ----- 63=\_\_\_\_\_ mph

25B-64. SEMICIRCLES AND RECTANGLE

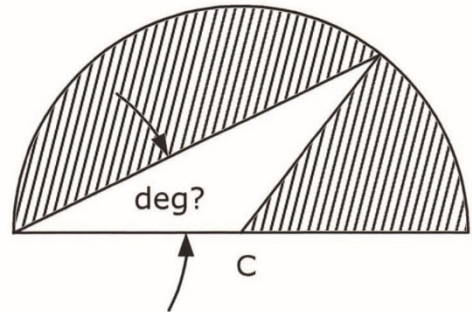
Total Area = 88



25B-64 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-65. SEMICIRCLE AND ISOSCELES TRIANGLE  
C = Center

$$\text{Triangle Area} = \frac{1}{3} [\text{Hatched Area}]$$



25B-65 = \_\_\_\_\_

25B-66.  $\frac{(10^{8.37})(10^{7.3})(10^{0.789})}{10\{(6.84)(0.169)\}}$  ----- 66=\_\_\_\_\_

25B-67.  $(92.8 - 45.4)^2 + (5.45 + 7.46)e^{\ln(28.9)}$  ----- 67=\_\_\_\_\_

25B-68. (rad)  $\frac{98.2}{6(-3.71)} \{(-0.993) + (-0.811)\sin(-1.14)\}^5$  ----- 68=\_\_\_\_\_

25B-69.  $-\frac{1}{(9.6)} + \frac{1}{3(9.6)^3} - \frac{1}{5(9.6)^5} + \frac{1}{7(9.6)^7}$  ----- 69=\_\_\_\_\_

25B-70. (rad)  $e^{(1.19)} \left[ \frac{(-0.0309)\sin(4.44) - (-0.0235)\cos(-2.31)}{(0.823)\sqrt{(-0.0309)^2 + (-0.0235)^2}} \right]$  ----- 70=\_\_\_\_\_



25B-1	= -1.82 = $-1.82 \times 10^0$	25B-11	= 4.60 = $4.60 \times 10^0$	25B-21	= -8.05 = $-8.05 \times 10^0$
25B-2	= 7290 = $7.29 \times 10^3$	25B-12	= 0.000100 = $1.00 \times 10^{-4}$	25B-22	= 0.193 = $1.93 \times 10^{-1}$
25B-3	= -30.3 = $-3.03 \times 10^1$	25B-13	= 2130 = $2.13 \times 10^3$	25B-23	= 0.228 = $2.28 \times 10^{-1}$
25B-4	= 0.0689 = $6.89 \times 10^{-2}$	25B-14	= 0.00210 = $2.10 \times 10^{-3}$	25B-24	= 0.497 = $4.97 \times 10^{-1}$
25B-5	= 0.255 = $2.55 \times 10^{-1}$	25B-15	= -4.87 = $-4.87 \times 10^0$	25B-25	= 0.156 = $1.56 \times 10^{-1}$
25B-6	= 772 = $7.72 \times 10^2$	25B-16	= $3.72 \times 10^7$	25B-26	= 25.0 = $2.50 \times 10^1$
25B-7	= 0.131 = $1.31 \times 10^{-1}$	25B-17	= \$17.99	25B-27	= 22.2 = $2.22 \times 10^1$
25B-8	= 0.0434 = $4.34 \times 10^{-2}$	25B-18	= 129 = $1.29 \times 10^2$	25B-28	= 14.6 = $1.46 \times 10^1$
25B-9	= 2.03 = $2.03 \times 10^0$	25B-19	= 1.70 = $1.70 \times 10^0$	25B-29	= $2.62 \times 10^7$
25B-10	= 8990 = $8.99 \times 10^3$	25B-20	= 96.7 = $9.67 \times 10^1$	25B-30	= 5.20 = $5.20 \times 10^0$

25B-31	= -7900 = $-7.90 \times 10^3$	25B-41	= $5.57 \times 10^{-6}$	25B-51	= -0.0609 = $-6.09 \times 10^{-2}$	25B-61	= 42.5 = $4.25 \times 10^1$
25B-32	= $3.96 \times 10^9$	25B-42	= 0.340 = $3.40 \times 10^{-1}$	25B-52	= -0.000941 = $-9.41 \times 10^{-4}$	25B-62	= $6.94 \times 10^{10,652}$
25B-33	= -41.3 = $-4.13 \times 10^1$	25B-43	= 0.185 = $1.85 \times 10^{-1}$	25B-53	= 0.585 = $5.85 \times 10^{-1}$	25B-63	= 12.0 = $1.20 \times 10^1$
25B-34	= 0.0720 = $7.20 \times 10^{-2}$	25B-44	= 7.27 = $7.27 \times 10^0$	25B-54	= 7.56 = $7.56 \times 10^0$	25B-64	= 12.8 = $1.28 \times 10^1$
25B-35	= $-3.11 \times 10^{-10}$	25B-45	= $-1.37 \times 10^{10}$	25B-55	= 2.57 = $2.57 \times 10^0$	25B-65	= 25.9 = $2.59 \times 10^1$
25B-36	= -30.0 = $-3.00 \times 10^1$	25B-46	= 56.3 = $5.63 \times 10^1$	25B-56	= 77.5 = $7.75 \times 10^1$	25B-66	= $2.01 \times 10^{15}$
25B-37	= 12160 = $1.216 \times 10^4$ (4SD)	25B-47	= 1450 = $1.45 \times 10^3$	25B-57	= 4.33 = $4.33 \times 10^0$	25B-67	= 2620 = $2.62 \times 10^3$
25B-38	= 5 integer	25B-48	= 2.05 = $2.05 \times 10^0$	25B-58	= -1.94 = $-1.94 \times 10^0$	25B-68	= 0.00486 = $4.86 \times 10^{-3}$
25B-39	= 7.38 = $7.38 \times 10^0$	25B-49	= 62.5 = $6.25 \times 10^1$	25B-59	= 0.728 = $7.28 \times 10^{-1}$	25B-69	= -0.104 = $-1.04 \times 10^{-1}$
25B-40	= 106 = $1.06 \times 10^2$	25B-50	= 3.85 = $3.85 \times 10^0$	25B-60	= 164 = $1.64 \times 10^2$	25B-70	= 1.43 = $1.43 \times 10^0$