



# Computer Science Competition District 2024 Programming Problem Set

## I. General Notes

1. Do the problems in any order you like. They do not have to be done in order from 1 to 12.
2. All problems have a value of 60 points.
3. There is no extraneous input. All input is exactly as specified in the problem. Unless specified by the problem, integer inputs will not have leading zeros. Unless otherwise specified, your program should read to the end of file.
4. Your program should not print extraneous output. Follow the form exactly as given in the problem.
5. A penalty of 5 points will be assessed each time that an incorrect solution is submitted. This penalty will only be assessed if a solution is ultimately judged as correct.

## II. Names of Problems

| Number     | Name     |
|------------|----------|
| Problem 1  | Ada      |
| Problem 2  | Ariel    |
| Problem 3  | Bodhi    |
| Problem 4  | Caroline |
| Problem 5  | Christie |
| Problem 6  | Claudius |
| Problem 7  | Garold   |
| Problem 8  | Hannah   |
| Problem 9  | Jennifer |
| Problem 10 | Leah     |
| Problem 11 | Lucas    |
| Problem 12 | Veda     |

# 1. Ada

**Program Name:** Ada.java

**Input File:** None

Ada Lovelace, a.k.a Augusta Ada King and the Countess of Lovelace and the daughter of one of the greatest British poets Lord Byron, was also a pioneer in the discipling of computing. She worked with Charles Babbage in the 1830s on his Analytical Engine which was a follow-on to his simpler Difference Engine, a mechanical calculator.

Ada recognized that the Analytical Engine could be “programmed”, making it a general-purpose computer. Even though she worked with a mechanical device, not electronic as are modern computers, and her “programming” involved mechanical switches, she is recognized as the world’s first programmer!

Write a program that displays the following exact message at the left edge of the screen:

**Ada Lovelace - World's First Computer Programmer!**

**Input:** None.

**Output:** Exact statement shown above.

**Sample input:** None

**Sample output:**

Ada Lovelace - World's First Computer Programmer!

## 2. Ariel

**Program Name:** Ariel.java

**Input File:** ariel.dat

Your friend Ariel is an architectural student studying subway systems, and they need your help with their homework. They need to plan out a subway stop, and they have been given the times that all the trains will be arriving and departing from the stop. Write a program to determine the minimum number of train stops required to ensure that there are no delays, in other words, every train should arrive when there is at least one open stop.

**Input:** The input will begin with an integer,  $n$  ( $0 < n \leq 1000$ ), denoting the number of test cases to follow. Each test case will consist of two lines of space separated strings denoting the arrival times of all trains on the first line, and departure times of all trains on the second line, all in the format "H:MM", and all minutes will be multiples of 5. The  $i^{\text{th}}$  index in both lists correspond, as in, all arrival times and departure times in the same index in their respective lists refer to the arrival and departure of the same train. There will never be two trains with the same arrival AND departure time, although trains may share the same arrival OR departure. It can be assumed that the trains operate on a 24-hour cycle, so trains arrive and leave at the same time every day.

**Output:** Output the integer denoting the minimum number of train platforms required so that the current train schedule will have no delays for trains when arriving. If one train arrives at the same time that another train departs, then you will only need one platform (the train engineers have been specifically trained for these situations at the same school as those two guys from the Polar Express).

**Sample input:**

```
3
9:30 9:45 9:50 10:30 11:30 12:00
10:00 10:05 10:15 11:00 12:00 12:10
0:00 1:00 2:00 3:00 4:00
0:10 1:10 2:10 3:10 4:10
8:15 8:25 8:30 8:35 8:40 8:45 9:00
8:25 8:40 8:45 8:45 8:55 9:00 9:30
```

**Sample output:**

```
3
1
3
```

### 3. Bodhi

**Program Name: Bodhi.java**

**Input File: bodhi.dat**

Bodhi’s older sister is studying finance in college and was showing Bodhi the concept of financial compounding. It is a type of investment, like a savings account, where the profit earned is put right back into that same investment. The result is you earn even more profit from the previous profit in addition to profit from the original investment. He thought that sounded rather interesting but wants to see the concept in action, meaning, **show me the money!**

With **PV** as the present value or a fixed amount that is invested only one time and **FV** as the future value after **n** compounding periods (addressed below), the simple compounding formula is:

$$FV = PV ( 1 + rate )^n$$

The compounding period could be days, months, quarters, years, or some other fixed period of time and defines when interest profit is calculated and put back into the account. It can get confusing comparing options so most investments state an annual percentage rate (APR) which is the result of the periodic compounding after 1-year.

For the formula above, **rate** is the APR divided by the number of compounding periods in a year. It is a periodic rate that matches the compounding period. To obtain a monthly rate, simply divide the APR by 12 monthly periods in a year and a quarterly or 3-month rate would be APR divided by 4. In addition, the standard formula requires the percentage rates be converted into their equivalent decimal form so a 5.25% rate becomes 0.0525.

The total profit after **n** periods would simply be the difference between the future value (**FV**) which is the end of the investment and the original investment (**PV**) which is the initial investment.

**Input:** First line will contain an integer T with  $1 \leq T \leq 10$ , the number of test cases. Each test case will consist of one set of whitespace-separated investment parameters on a single line. The investment parameters are **PV**, a dollar and cents amount no larger than \$1,000,000 followed by an APR which is a percentage greater than 0.00% and will not exceed 25.00% (which would be a dream rate!). The final pieces of data for a single test case are the number of periods in a year in the range [1, 366] and **n**, the number of periods to compound which will not exceed 100.

**Output:** Each test case will produce 1 line of output containing the computed **FV** which is a dollar and cents amount and the total profit, neither of which will not exceed \$3,000,000.00. Format both values with a leading dollar sign (\$) and round to 2 decimal places of accuracy and separated by a single space as shown in the sample output.

**Sample input:**

```
3
3500.00 5.25 12 15
100.00 7.95 4 40
9999.99 9.99 2 20
```

**Sample output:**

```
$3736.86 $236.86
$219.72 $119.72
$26507.69 $16507.70
```

## 4. Caroline

**Program Name:** `Caroline.java`

**Input File:** `caroline.dat`

Caroline's teacher in her AP Psychology class told her that if someone is asked to select a random number, it is more likely that the number will be an even number. Her class ran an experiment to verify this, and they discovered it was true.

She got to thinking. What if ten people selected a random number, would the sum of the even numbers be greater than the sum of the odds?

So, she has asked you to write a program to answer that question. Your job is to read in a list of ten whole numbers. Find the sum of the odd numbers in the list. Also find the sum of the even numbers in the list. Compare the two sums and let the world know your findings.

**Input:** Line #1 will consist of one integer N in the range [1,25] which indicates how many lines of data will follow. Each of the N lines of data will contain ten whole numbers in the range [0,9999]. The numbers in each data set will be separated by one whitespace.

**Output:** Output one of the three messages for each data set.

- If the even sum is greater, print "Evens win by ? point(s)" where ? is filled with the positive difference between the two sums.
- If the odd sum is greater, print "Odds win by ? point(s)" where ? is filled with the positive difference between the two sums.
- If the sums are equal, print the message "It's a tie!!!"

**Sample input:**

```
5
12 13 14 15 23 24 25 26 55 62
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 28 28
2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3
5 1 2 8 6 7 5 3 0 9
11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 110
```

**Sample output:**

```
Evens win by 7 point(s)
It's a tie!!!
Odds win by 5 point(s)
Odds win by 14 point(s)
Evens win by 55 point(s)
```

## 5. Christie

**Program Name:** Christie.java

**Input File:** christie.dat

Christie is so intrigued with numbers and their properties. She of course adores prime numbers (and who doesn't?), but she also is very interested in other types of numbers like Fibonacci Numbers, Happy Numbers, Evil Numbers, Fermat numbers, etc. She is determined to create her own special numbers and name them Christie Numbers.

So, this is what she has decided to do.

A Christie Number is a whole number in which the sum of the squares of the digits is a perfect square.

Example: 148 is a Christie Number:

$$1^2 + 4^2 + 8^2 = 1 + 16 + 64 = 81$$

Since 81 is a perfect square, 148 is a Christie Number.

Christie will give you two integers A and B where you are guaranteed that  $A < B$ . Your task is to check every natural number from A to B (inclusive) and to list the Christie numbers in that range in order from smallest to greatest.

**Input:** Line #1 will consist of one integer N in the range [1,25] which indicates how many lines of data will follow. Each of the N lines of data will contain two integers A, then B. Both numbers are in the range [1,9999].

**Output:** Output a list of Christie Numbers in the range [A,B] written horizontally with one white space in between each. If there are no Christie numbers in that range, print "NONE".

**Sample input:**

```
5
10 20
30 50
100 200
50 55
41 42
```

**Sample output:**

```
10 20
30 34 40 43 50
100 122 148 184 200
50
NONE
```

## 6. Claudius

**Program Name:** Claudius.java

**Input File:** claudius.dat

You and Claudius are lost in the woods! Quick, write a program on your handy dandy pocket computer to find the shortest path out of the woods! You have a map of the woods, with different geological features and the parking lot marked, and you need to determine if you will escape from the woods before the Forest Rangers come to find you. This map is magic, and will also contain the locations of certain dangerous animals and areas to avoid. The map will be made up of the following characters:

- 'M' – denotes the location of a mountainous region on the map, these areas can be crossed at a rate of 3 hours per space.
- 'T' – denotes the location of a forested area of the map, these areas can be crossed at a rate of 2 hours per space.
- 'R' – denotes the location of a rock/boulder, these areas are impassable.
- 'Q' – denotes the location of quicksand, these areas are impassable, unless they are directly adjacent (up, down, left, right) to a forested area, in which case you can cross at a rate of 3 hours per space, as you can use the trees to climb out if you get stuck.
- 'V' – denotes the location of a river, these areas are impassable.
- 'A' – denotes the location of an alligator, which you must stay at least one block away from (you cannot be adjacent in any direction including diagonals).
- '.' – denotes a path/trail/dirt patch which can be passed at a rate of 1 space per hour.
- 'S' – denotes your starting point on the map.
- 'E' – denotes the parking lot, which is the end point of your journey.
- 'B' – denotes the location of a bear, which you must be at least 2 spaces away from at all times, including diagonals.

You can only move in the 4 cardinal directions (up, down, left, right).

**Input:** The input will begin with an integer,  $n$  ( $0 < n \leq 1000$ ), denoting the number of test cases to follow. Each test case will begin with 3 space-separated integers,  $r$ ,  $c$ , and  $h$ , denoting the number of rows and columns in the map of the woods, and the number of hours you have until the Forest Rangers come looking for you. The following  $r$  lines will each contain  $c$  characters denoting the map of the woods.

**Output:** If you make it to the parking lot in  $h$  or less hours, output the string "Free at last, Free at last.", followed by the number of hours you had left until the Forest Rangers will look for you (could be 0), followed by the string "hour(s) to spare.". If you do not make it to the parking lot in time, output the string "Smokey the Bear is en route.".

**Sample input:**

```
2
6 7 15
S..MM.V
..MMMMV
...MMRV
VV.VVVV
A...QQE
MMM....
5 5 12
SMTTB
MMTTT
M..TT
VVVVV
ARR.E
```

**Sample output:**

```
Free at last, Free at last. 3 hour(s) to spare.
Smokey the Bear is en route.
```

## 7. Garold

**Program Name:** Garold.java

**Input File:** garold.dat

You and your friend Garold have been playing a game called super tic tac toe. The main issue you have been having is that the board is somewhat confusing and you never know who's won. You need to write a program to take in a given super tic tac toe board and find out who has won. The rules of super tic tac toe are as follows:

Each super tic tac toe board will be made up of 9 regular tic tac toe boards, arranged with one regular board making up a cell. In order to win super tic tac toe, you need to win 3 of the regular boards in a row (so if you win the top 3 boards you win super tic tac toe). You can win if you get all of any column, row or either of the diagonals. To win each board, you need to win a row, column or diagonal, just like in regular tic tac toe. You need to output who wins the game.

**Input:** The input will begin with an integer,  $n$  ( $0 < n \leq 1000$ ), denoting the number of test cases to follow. Each test case will consist of 9 lines of 9 characters each, made up of 'X' – denoting an X on the board, 'O' – denoting an O on the board, ' ' – denoting an empty space on the board. Every 3x3 characters of input denote a board (top left 3x3 denotes the top left board on the super tic tac toe board, and so on). Each 3x3 board will have a maximum of one winner, but there is no guarantee that the overall board is won by either team.

**Output:** If one of the players has won the game, output the string "Player ", followed by an X or an O, denoting which player won, followed by "Won. ". If neither player has won the game, output "Cat's Game. ". After outputting this string, output the the layout of the super board, with each 3x3 board denoted by an X, O, or ., denoting the winner if the board was won, or a . if no one has won the board. See the Sample output for more information.

**Sample input:**

```
2
X.OOOOXO.
OX..X.XX.
OOXX..OOX
X.O..X.OO
XOO.O.OO.
X..OO.OXX
XXXOOO.OX
OO..X.XO.
O.XXOXOOX
X.OOOOXO.
O...X.XX.
OOXX..OOX
X.O..X.OO
.OO.O.OO.
X..OO.OXX
X.OOO..OX
OO..X.XO.
O.XXOXXXX
```

**Sample output:**

```
Player X Won.
XOX
X.O
XOO
Cat's Game.
.OX
..O
O.X
```



## 8. Hannah

**Program Name:** Hannah.java

**Input File:** hannah.dat

Hannah is practicing her programming skills for the upcoming UIL Computer Science contest season. She heard that the State contest experience is very challenging and wants to be prepared. Her coach explained how the overall state scores are grouped by classifications (1A, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A, 6A) and are a combination of both programming and the written test. Each contest team consists of 3 students that take the written test with 40 questions which has a max score of 240 but could be negative when students answer too many questions incorrectly; there is no penalty for unanswered questions. The max team score for the written test is 720, or 3 scores of 240 points. The programming component of the contest consists of 12 problems worth a max of 60 points each but submissions that are not correct reduces the problem’s max score by 5 points for each bad submission. The team programming score is another 720 points, or 12 programs of 60 points. The overall team score is simply the sum of the written and programming scores.

The following table is a sample of the programming data.

| Prog Scores | Class | Prob 1 | Prob 2 | Prob 3 | Prob 4 | Prob 5 | Prob 6 | Prob 7 | Prob 8 | Prob 9 | Prob 10 | Prob 11 | Prob 12 |
|-------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Team 1      | 2A    | 55     | 60     | 50     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 60      | 0       | 60      |
| Team 2      | 5A    | 60     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 55     | 60     | 60     | 50     | 0       | 60      | 55      |
| Team 3      | 6A    | 60     | 50     | 60     | 55     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 0      | 60      | 60      | 45      |

The following table is a sample of the written test data.

| Test Scores | Student 1 | Student 2 | Student 3 |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Team 1      | 200       | 210       | 184       |
| Team 2      | 104       | 172       | 224       |
| Team 3      | 86        | 164       | 196       |

Hannah has accepted a challenge of processing the raw scores to determine the top 3 teams in each classification. It is just summing the scores and finding the 3 top overall team scores in each classification. Ties are not common so we will ignore that possibility for this program. Can you handle her challenge?

**Input:** First line will contain an integer  $T$  with  $1 \leq T \leq 10$ , the number of test cases. Each test case will start with a positive integer  $N$  which is the total number of teams. The  $N$  following lines will each contain a school name with no spaces, a classification as shown above, and 12 integers in the range  $[0,60]$ , all items whitespace-separated. Those lines are then followed by  $N$  more lines each containing a school name with no spaces and 3 integers in the range  $[-80,240]$ , all whitespace-separated. Team names will be in the same order for both sets of scores but classification levels may vary in order. There is guaranteed to be 1 or more teams for each classification and they must have 12 program scores and 3 written exam scores.

**Output:** Each test case will produce a list of the team names and scores in descending order for each classification, organized from 1A to 6A. Label and format the results as shown in the sample below. Display a single line following each test case containing 15 equal signs “=====”.

**Sample input:**

```
2
15
Team_1 2A    60    40    30    60    55    50    30    30    55    35    50    0
Team_2 5A    35    50    30    45    50    50    30    60    50    50    0    30
Team_3 6A    35    30    45    45    30    35    30    40    30    0    40    50
Team_4 1A    30    40    0    55    0    30    35    55    40    55    30    60
Team_5 5A    40    55    30    45    55    45    40    0    35    60    40    55
```

~ Input data continues on next page ~

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*~ Hannah input continued ~*

|            |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Team_6 4A  | 0   | 35  | 45  | 40 | 30 | 30 | 0  | 50 | 45 | 55 | 40 | 50 |    |
| Team_7 6A  | 35  | 0   | 45  | 55 | 60 | 0  | 60 | 50 | 55 | 30 | 30 | 50 |    |
| Team_8 1A  | 35  | 45  | 35  | 60 | 40 | 35 | 55 | 40 | 0  | 30 | 45 | 55 |    |
| Team_9 6A  | 30  | 35  | 55  | 0  | 40 | 60 | 30 | 50 | 60 | 35 | 35 | 55 |    |
| Team_10    | 4A  | 35  | 45  | 0  | 60 | 0  | 40 | 30 | 45 | 55 | 35 | 35 | 60 |
| Team_11    | 3A  | 45  | 0   | 35 | 35 | 45 | 0  | 30 | 55 | 40 | 40 | 60 | 30 |
| Team_12    | 5A  | 0   | 30  | 55 | 45 | 60 | 55 | 0  | 30 | 60 | 35 | 60 | 55 |
| Team_13    | 3A  | 60  | 0   | 55 | 50 | 35 | 30 | 40 | 0  | 50 | 45 | 35 | 35 |
| Team_14    | 5A  | 50  | 45  | 0  | 60 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 40 | 0  | 60 | 45 | 45 |
| Team_15    | 2A  | 35  | 55  | 60 | 0  | 60 | 50 | 60 | 35 | 30 | 0  | 45 | 35 |
| Team_1 184 | 155 | 70  |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_2 199 | 192 | 203 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_3 136 | 177 | 229 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_4 93  | 75  | 121 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_5 0   | 210 | 228 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_6 180 | 220 | 131 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_7 174 | 92  | 235 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_8 226 | 55  | 234 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_9 92  | 196 | 163 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_10    | 234 | 170 | 145 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_11    | 136 | 178 | 185 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_12    | 185 | 112 | 84  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_13    | 68  | -12 | 116 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_14    | 230 | 121 | 146 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_15    | 75  | 97  | 53  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 20         |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_1 2A  | 50  | 30  | 55  | 30 | 35 | 55 | 30 | 40 | 55 | 35 | 30 | 0  |    |
| Team_2 5A  | 60  | 30  | 35  | 60 | 45 | 50 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 35 | 0  | 55 |    |
| Team_3 6A  | 50  | 60  | 50  | 50 | 45 | 55 | 45 | 50 | 35 | 0  | 55 | 55 |    |
| Team_4 1A  | 30  | 30  | 40  | 30 | 30 | 30 | 50 | 35 | 0  | 40 | 35 | 60 |    |
| Team_5 5A  | 30  | 50  | 35  | 55 | 30 | 30 | 40 | 0  | 50 | 45 | 40 | 50 |    |
| Team_6 4A  | 0   | 35  | 30  | 40 | 55 | 55 | 0  | 35 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 50 |    |
| Team_7 6A  | 45  | 0   | 35  | 30 | 35 | 0  | 60 | 55 | 30 | 30 | 60 | 60 |    |
| Team_8 1A  | 45  | 60  | 0   | 40 | 0  | 45 | 35 | 30 | 60 | 30 | 60 | 60 |    |
| Team_9 2A  | 30  | 35  | 30  | 0  | 35 | 30 | 30 | 55 | 45 | 45 | 30 | 60 |    |
| Team_10    | 4A  | 40  | 50  | 0  | 60 | 0  | 55 | 35 | 35 | 40 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| Team_11    | 3A  | 35  | 0   | 45 | 30 | 35 | 0  | 45 | 35 | 35 | 30 | 45 | 45 |
| Team_12    | 5A  | 0   | 45  | 45 | 45 | 50 | 45 | 0  | 35 | 40 | 45 | 55 | 40 |
| Team_13    | 3A  | 60  | 0   | 50 | 30 | 55 | 50 | 50 | 0  | 30 | 35 | 35 | 55 |
| Team_14    | 5A  | 40  | 55  | 0  | 40 | 35 | 30 | 30 | 50 | 0  | 35 | 50 | 45 |
| Team_15    | 2A  | 40  | 30  | 50 | 0  | 30 | 50 | 60 | 30 | 55 | 0  | 50 | 30 |
| Team_16    | 4A  | 60  | 55  | 55 | 60 | 0  | 50 | 50 | 30 | 30 | 35 | 0  | 55 |
| Team_17    | 3A  | 30  | 55  | 50 | 55 | 50 | 0  | 40 | 40 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 0  |
| Team_18    | 6A  | 40  | 60  | 30 | 50 | 35 | 45 | 0  | 30 | 40 | 55 | 0  | 60 |
| Team_19    | 5A  | 35  | 30  | 50 | 45 | 55 | 40 | 40 | 0  | 45 | 0  | 40 | 45 |
| Team_20    | 6A  | 40  | 30  | 40 | 40 | 50 | 45 | 35 | 55 | 0  | 55 | 30 | 60 |
| Team_1 98  | 222 | 156 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_2 134 | 208 | 140 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_3 215 | 128 | 62  |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_4 180 | 67  | 132 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_5 0   | 206 | 210 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_6 148 | 141 | 75  |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_7 218 | 202 | 174 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_8 73  | 205 | 231 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_9 112 | 103 | 187 |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_10    | 193 | 226 | 131 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_11    | 59  | 138 | 193 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_12    | 94  | 176 | 205 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_13    | 210 | -12 | 75  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_14    | 231 | 133 | 200 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_15    | 237 | 183 | 121 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

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*~ Hannah input continued ~*

|         |     |     |     |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| Team_16 | -2  | 113 | 196 |
| Team_17 | 144 | 99  | 133 |
| Team_18 | 168 | 56  | 226 |
| Team_19 | 64  | 73  | 57  |
| Team_20 | 195 | 93  | 235 |

**Sample output:**

```
Classification 1A Results
Team_8 990
Team_4 719
Classification 2A Results
Team_1 904
Team_15 690
Classification 3A Results
Team_11 914
Team_13 607
Classification 4A Results
Team_10 989
Team_6 951
Classification 5A Results
Team_2 1074
Team_14 967
Team_5 938
Team_12 866
Classification 6A Results
Team_7 971
Team_3 952
Team_9 936
```

```
=====  
Classification 1A Results  
Team_8 974  
Team_4 789  
Classification 2A Results  
Team_15 966  
Team_1 921  
Team_9 827  
Classification 3A Results  
Team_17 856  
Team_11 770  
Team_13 723  
Classification 4A Results  
Team_10 1045  
Team_6 844  
Team_16 787  
Classification 5A Results  
Team_14 974  
Team_2 942  
Team_12 920  
Team_5 871  
Team_19 619  
Classification 6A Results  
Team_7 1034  
Team_20 1003  
Team_3 955  
Team_18 895  
=====
```

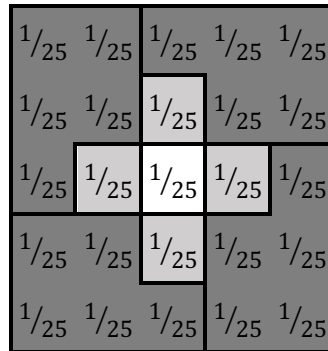
## 9. Jennifer

**Program Name:** Jennifer.java

**Input File:** jennifer.dat

While studying infinite sums in her Calculus class, Jennifer was introduced to the well-known proof which shows that  $0.99\bar{9} = 1$ . Being well-versed in the world of mathematical bases, Jennifer’s Calculus teacher showed them a similar proof to show what this would be equivalent to in a base five numbering system.

The idea is that if you take a square with side length of 1, and break it down into 25 congruent squares, you can form four identical sections, each with 5 of the congruent squares. This would mean that each of those sections comprise  $1/5^{\text{th}}$  of the area of the whole square. Doing so would also leave you with 5 remaining squares. If you were to take 4 of the remaining 5 squares, you would then have four new sections each comprising  $1/25^{\text{th}}$  of the area of the whole square. Then, take the last remaining square, and perform the entire process again on that square infinitely.



This means that  $4\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + 4\left(\frac{1}{25}\right) + \dots + 4\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^n = 1$ . In other words, for a base five numbering system,  $(0.44\bar{4})_5 = 1$ . However, Jennifer was interested to see whether or not this property of infinite sums generalized to different bases. While investigating this, Jennifer discovered a generalized formula which showed that for all  $|x| \geq 1$ , where  $x$  is equivalent to the base, that...

$$(x - 1) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^n = 1$$

Discovering this generalized formula got Jennifer interested in the notion of non-integer bases. Specifically, given the inverse of an arbitrary base, help Jennifer determine the most simplified number of sections that will be required at each stage in the infinite sum process.

**Input:** The first line will be a single integer  $T$  ( $1 \leq T \leq 100$ ) denoting the number of test cases to follow. The next  $T$  lines will consist of 2 space-separated integers,  $n$  and  $d$  ( $1 \leq n, d \leq 2^{31} - 1$ ), denoting the numerator and the denominator of the inverse of the current base. It is guaranteed that the value of  $\left|d/n\right| > 1$ .

**Output:** For each of the  $T$  test cases, output two space-separated integers,  $n_s$  and  $d_s$ , denoting the simplified numerator and denominator of the number of sections that are required at each stage in the infinite sum process.

**Sample input:**

```
2
3 4
341 1054
```

**Sample output:**

```
1 3
23 11
```

## 10. Leah

**Program Name:** Leah.java

**Input File:** leah.dat

Leah is rather fond of expressing numbers in different bases. In particular, Leah has a real affinity for binary numbers. As such, she already has a good understanding of what binary numbers are, and how to read them. In most cases, when generating binary numbers, binary numbers are ordered from least to greatest. For example, the following is a list of the binary representation of the numbers 0 through 7 which are expressed to 3 bits:

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| 0b000, | 0b001, | 0b010, | 0b011, | 0b100, | 0b101, | 0b110, | 0b111 |
| ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓     |
| 0      | 1      | 2      | 3      | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7     |

Leah in her Digital Logic class was recently introduced to Gray Codes, which are an alternative way to order binary numbers. Rather than simply adding one to the previous binary number to generate the next binary number, Gray Codes order binary numbers according to the simple principle that no two adjacent numbers can differ by more than a single bit. The following is the order of the first 8 Gray Codes expressed to 3 bits:

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| 0b000, | 0b001, | 0b011, | 0b010, | 0b110, | 0b111, | 0b101, | 0b100 |
| ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓      | ↓     |
| 0      | 1      | 3      | 2      | 6      | 7      | 5      | 4     |

However, generating Gray Codes can be decently difficult to do so by hand. Help Leah by writing her a program that generates Gray Codes for different bit widths.

**Input:** The first line of input will consist of a single integer  $n$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 32$ ) denoting the number of testcases to follow. The next  $n$  lines will each contain a single integer  $w_i$  ( $1 \leq w_i \leq 8$ ) denoting the width of any given binary number that Leah wants to generate.

**Output:** For each of Leah's  $n$  requests, on their own line, print a space-separated list of the decimal representation of the numbers 0 through  $2^{w_i} - 1$  in their Gray Codes ordering.

**Sample input:**

```
4
3
1
4
2
```

**Sample output:**

```
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4
0 1
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8
0 1 3 2
```

## 11. Lucas

**Program Name:** Lucas.java

**Input File:** lucas.dat

Lucas is a track coach keeping "track" of his runners' times in the "Uphill Mountain Running/Climbing Challenge" - the UMRCC. It is important for him to be very aware of the progress of each member of the team.

Lucas will give you a list of times in seconds for each of his runners. Your job is to examine the list and send him back the average time for each runner written in minutes and seconds.

If the seconds come out to be a decimal number, round down to the whole second. Or as he told us, "chop off the decimal."

Now Lucas realizes that everybody has a bad day and a super-great day from time-to-time. He would like you to drop the fastest and the slowest time for each runner if they have at least three times listed. If a runner has only one or two recorded times, do not drop any scores - because you can't. Each runner will have at least one time, guaranteed.

**Input:** Line #1 will consist of one integer N in the range [1,25] which indicates how many lines of data will follow. Each of the N lines of data will contain a list of whole number times separated by one white space. On each line there will be T numbers where T is in the range [1,20].

**Output:** Output the average time. Drop the fastest and slowest times if there are at least three times in the list. The time should be written in the following format. Minutes:Seconds where minutes will be an integer in the range [0,167] and seconds will be a two-digit number in the range [0,59]. There will be a colon in between the two numbers. There should be no whitespace in your answers. If seconds calculate to be a decimal, truncate the value. For example, 34.97 seconds would truncate to 34 with no decimal.

**Sample input:**

```
5
965 1200 1315 950
1408
2201 1534
1232 1236 1238 1240 1300 1303 1220 1251 1332 1299
1600 1200 1300 1400 1500
```

**Sample output:**

```
18:02
23:28
31:07
21:02
23:20
```

## 12. Veda

**Program Name:** Veda.java

**Input File:** veda.dat

Veda is a successful entrepreneur and has made a name for herself by owning a company which specializes in creating custom-made signs. Like most custom-made sign businesses, Veda's company, Ingenious Insignia™, prices her signs based off of the amount of ink, dye, or vinyl that would be required to create said sign. As a result, she generates her prices on a per-letter basis, where each letter occurring on the sign costs a certain amount. However, being the smart businesswoman that she is, Veda knows that certain letters require more materials compared to others. As a result, Veda's pricing is different depending on the letter in question.

Wanting to be able to ensure that Veda maintains a competitive advantage over her competitors, she wants to figure out whether or not a certain letter-to-price ordering would make her business favorable. Help Veda write a program that, given a list of letter-to-price pairings, as well as different slogans for signs from potential future customers, returns the cost for each test sign.

**Input:** The first line of input will consist of a single integer  $n$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 26$ ) denoting the number of unique letter-to-price groups. The next  $n$  lines will each consist of a comma-separated list of letters, followed by a colon, followed by a price  $p$  ( $0 < p \leq 10$ ). This denotes that each letter contained in the comma-separated list costs  $p$  dollars per letter. Valid letters consist of only the standard 26 capitalized English letters. All punctuation, spaces, and other special characters are considered free. It is also guaranteed that each letter appears exactly once among the  $n$  comma-separated lists.

The next line will consist of a single integer  $m$  ( $1 \leq m \leq 50$ ) denoting the number of slogans that Veda wishes to calculate the price for. The next  $m$  lines will each consist of a single slogan, which will strictly consist of capitalized English letters, whitespace, and special characters.

**Output:** For each slogan that Veda wishes to test, in the order that it appears in the input, on its own line, print out the cost  $P$  that it would take to print said slogan using the letter-to-price groupings described in the input. This dollar amount should be prepended with a dollar sign ('\$') and should be expressed to two decimal values (rounded to the nearest cent).

**Sample input:** (*indented lines are continuation of previous line*):

```
6
B,C,D,F,G:0.023
H,J,K,L,M,N:0.102
P,Q,R,S,T:0.0098
V,W,X,Z:0.721
A,E,I,O,U:0.3400005
Y:1.23
5
UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
COMPUTER SCIENCE IS THE BEST SCIENCE
A RUBBER DUCK IS A PROGRAMMER'S BEST FRIEND!!!!
WOULD YOU RATHER HAVE UNLIMITED BACON, BUT NO GAMES, OR GAMES, UNLIMITED GAMES, BUT NO
GAMES?
ROAD WORK AHEAD... UH, YEAH, I SURE HOPE IT DOES
```

**Sample output:**

```
$7.03
$4.71
$4.78
$15.21
$8.38
```



# UIL Computer Science Competition

## District 2024

### JUDGES PACKET - CONFIDENTIAL

#### I. Instructions

1. The attached printouts of the judge test data are provided for the reference of the contest director and programming judges. Additional copies may be made if needed for this purpose.
2. This packet must remain CONFIDENTIAL. Additional copies may be made and returned to schools when other confidential contest material is returned.

#### II. Table of Contents

| Number     | Name     |
|------------|----------|
| Problem 1  | Ada      |
| Problem 2  | Ariel    |
| Problem 3  | Bodhi    |
| Problem 4  | Caroline |
| Problem 5  | Christie |
| Problem 6  | Claudius |
| Problem 7  | Garold   |
| Problem 8  | Hannah   |
| Problem 9  | Jennifer |
| Problem 10 | Leah     |
| Problem 11 | Lucas    |
| Problem 12 | Veda     |



**Problem #1**  
**60 Points**

**1. Ada**

**Program Name: Ada.java**

**Input File: ada.dat**

**Test Input File: None**

**Test Output To Screen:**

Ada Lovelace - World's First Computer Programmer!

**Problem #2**  
**60 Points**

**2. Ariel**

**Program Name: Ariel.java**

**Input File: ariel.dat**

**Test Input File:**

```
10
9:30 9:45 9:50 10:30 11:30 12:00
10:00 10:05 10:15 11:00 12:00 12:10
0:00 1:00 2:00 3:00 4:00
0:10 1:10 2:10 3:10 4:10
8:15 8:25 8:30 8:35 8:40 8:45 9:00
8:25 8:40 8:45 8:45 8:55 9:00 9:30
8:00 8:00 8:00 8:00 8:00 8:00 8:00 8:00
8:05 8:10 8:15 8:20 8:25 8:30 8:35 8:40
8:00 8:10 8:20 8:30 8:40 8:50
8:10 8:20 8:30 8:40 8:50 9:00
23:45 23:55
0:05 0:15
23:00 23:10 23:20 23:30 23:40 23:45 23:50 23:55
23:10 23:20 23:30 23:40 23:50 0:05 0:00 0:15
16:00 16:00 16:00 16:00 16:00 16:00 16:00 16:00 16:00 16:00 16:00 16:00
16:30 16:30 16:30 16:30 16:30 16:30 16:30 16:30 16:30 16:30 16:30 16:30
12:00
12:10
23:00 23:10 23:20 23:30 23:40 23:45 23:50 23:55 0:00
23:10 23:20 23:30 23:40 23:50 0:05 0:00 0:15 0:10
```

**Test Output To Screen:**

```
3
1
3
8
1
2
3
12
1
3
```

**Problem #3**  
**60 Points**

### 3. Bodhi

**Program Name: Bodhi.java**

**Input File: bodhi.dat**

**Test Input File:**

```
10
3500.00      5.25  12    15
100.00       7.95  4      40
9999.99      9.99  2      20
1000000.00   25.00 12     50
10000.00     5.89  366    1830
10000.00     5.89  12     60
10000.00     5.89  4      20
10000.00     5.89  2      10
10000.00     5.89  1      5
25000.00     4.99  12    120
```

**Test Output To Screen:**

```
$3736.86 $236.86
$219.72 $119.72
$26507.69 $16507.70
$2803768.37 $1803768.37
$13424.23 $3424.23
$13414.88 $3414.88
$13395.76 $3395.76
$13367.57 $3367.57
$13312.96 $3312.96
$41134.25 $16134.25
```

**Problem #4**  
**60 Points**

## 4. Caroline

**Program Name: Caroline.java**

**Input File: caroline.dat**

**Test Input File:**

```
10
12 13 14 15 23 24 25 26 55 62
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 28 28
2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3
5 1 2 8 6 7 5 3 0 9
11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 110
4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 0
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
```

**Test Output To Screen:**

```
Evens win by 7 point(s)
It's a tie!!!
Odds win by 5 point(s)
Odds win by 14 point(s)
Evens win by 55 point(s)
It's a tie!!!
Odds win by 70 point(s)
Evens win by 80 point(s)
Evens win by 5 point(s)
Odds win by 5 point(s)
```

**Problem #5**  
**60 Points**

## 5. Christie

**Program Name: Christie.java**

**Input File: christie.dat**

**Test Input File:**

```
10
10 20
30 50
100 200
50 55
41 42
1 100
200 299
23 29
1000 1100
9900 9999
```

**Test Output To Screen:**

```
10 20
30 34 40 43 50
100 122 148 184 200
50
NONE
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 20 30 34 40 43 50 60 68 70 80 86 90 100
200 212 221 236 244 263 269 296
NONE
1000 1022 1048 1084
9935 9953 9999
```

**Problem #6**  
**60 Points**

**6. Claudius**

**Program Name: Claudius.java**

**Input File: claudius.dat**

**Test Input File:**

```
11
6 7 15
S..MM.V
..MMMMV
...MMRV
VV.VVVV
A...QQE
MMM....
5 5 12
SMTTB
MMTTT
M..TT
VVVVV
ARR.E
5 5 15
SMTTT
MMTTT
M..TT
VVQQV
ARR.E
5 5 20
SMTTT
MMTTT
MMMTT
VVQQV
ARR.E
5 5 20
SMTTB
MMTTT
MMMTT
VVQQV
ARR.E
10 10 35
S..MMM.VV.
...MMMQVV.
TT.MMMQVVQ
TTTTRR.VVB
QQQQQA.VV.
VVV.VVVVVQ
VVV.VVVVVQ
TTTTT...MM
TTTT...MMM
BTT...MMME
```

*~ Input continued ~*

```
5 5 100
.....
....S
.....
A....
E....
3 3 10
SR.
V..
..E
3 3 100
SQ.
Q..
..E
10 10 35
S..MMM.VV.
...MMMQVV.
TT.MMMQVVQ
TTTTRR.VVB
QQQQQA.VV.
VVV.VVVVVQ
VVVQVVVVVQ
TTTTT...MM
TTTT...MMM
BTT...MMME
10 10 65
STTMMMTVVT
TTTMMMQVVT
TTTMMMQVVQ
TTTTTRTVVB
QQQQQATVVT
VVTVVVVVQ
VVVQVVVVVQ
TTTTTTTTTMM
TTTTTTTTMMM
BTTTTTMMME
```

**Test Output To Screen:**

```
Free at last, Free at last. 3 hour(s) to spare.
Smokey the Bear is en route.
Free at last, Free at last. 0 hour(s) to spare.
Free at last, Free at last. 4 hour(s) to spare.
Smokey the Bear is en route.
Free at last, Free at last. 5 hour(s) to spare.
Smokey the Bear is en route.
Smokey the Bear is en route.
Smokey the Bear is en route.
Free at last, Free at last. 3 hour(s) to spare.
Free at last, Free at last. 25 hour(s) to spare.
```

*~ Input continues ~*  
*~ next column ~*



**Problem #8**  
**60 Points**

**8. Hannah**

**Program Name: Hannah.java**

**Input File: hannah.dat**

**Test Input File:**

```

3
15
Team_1 2A 60 40 30 60 55 50 30 30 55 35 50 0
Team_2 5A 35 50 30 45 50 50 30 60 50 50 0 30
Team_3 6A 35 30 45 45 30 35 30 40 30 0 40 50
Team_4 1A 30 40 0 55 0 30 35 55 40 55 30 60
Team_5 5A 40 55 30 45 55 45 40 0 35 60 40 55
Team_6 4A 0 35 45 40 30 30 0 50 45 55 40 50
Team_7 6A 35 0 45 55 60 0 60 50 55 30 30 50
Team_8 1A 35 45 35 60 40 35 55 40 0 30 45 55
Team_9 6A 30 35 55 0 40 60 30 50 60 35 35 55
Team_10 4A 35 45 0 60 0 40 30 45 55 35 35 60
Team_11 3A 45 0 35 35 45 0 30 55 40 40 60 30
Team_12 5A 0 30 55 45 60 55 0 30 60 35 60 55
Team_13 3A 60 0 55 50 35 30 40 0 50 45 35 35
Team_14 5A 50 45 0 60 40 40 45 40 0 60 45 45
Team_15 2A 35 55 60 0 60 50 60 35 30 0 45 35
Team_1 184 155 70
Team_2 199 192 203
Team_3 136 177 229
Team_4 93 75 121
Team_5 0 210 228
Team_6 180 220 131
Team_7 174 92 235
Team_8 226 55 234
Team_9 92 196 163
Team_10 234 170 145
Team_11 136 178 185
Team_12 185 112 84
Team_13 68 -12 116
Team_14 230 121 146
Team_15 75 97 53
20
Team_1 2A 50 30 55 30 35 55 30 40 55 35 30 0
Team_2 5A 60 30 35 60 45 50 30 30 30 35 0 55
Team_3 6A 50 60 50 50 45 55 45 50 35 0 55 55
Team_4 1A 30 30 40 30 30 30 50 35 0 40 35 60
Team_5 5A 30 50 35 55 30 30 40 0 50 45 40 50
Team_6 4A 0 35 30 40 55 55 0 35 60 60 60 50
Team_7 6A 45 0 35 30 35 0 60 55 30 30 60 60
Team_8 1A 45 60 0 40 0 45 35 30 60 30 60 60
Team_9 2A 30 35 30 0 35 30 30 55 45 45 30 60
Team_10 4A 40 50 0 60 0 55 35 35 40 60 60 60
Team_11 3A 35 0 45 30 35 0 45 35 35 30 45 45
Team_12 5A 0 45 45 45 50 45 0 35 40 45 55 40
Team_13 3A 60 0 50 30 55 50 50 0 30 35 35 55
Team_14 5A 40 55 0 40 35 30 30 50 0 35 50 45
Team_15 2A 40 30 50 0 30 50 60 30 55 0 50 30
Team_16 4A 60 55 55 60 0 50 50 30 30 35 0 55
Team_17 3A 30 55 50 55 50 0 40 40 55 55 50 0
Team_18 6A 40 60 30 50 35 45 0 30 40 55 0 60

```

~ Hannah Input continues next page ~



**UIL – Computer Science Judge’s Packet – Invitational B - 2024**

*~ Hannah Input continued ~*

|         |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Team_19 | 5A  | 35  | 30  | 50 | 45 | 55 | 40 | 40 | 0  | 45 | 0  | 40 | 45 |
| Team_20 | 6A  | 40  | 30  | 40 | 40 | 50 | 45 | 35 | 55 | 0  | 55 | 30 | 60 |
| Team_1  | 98  | 222 | 156 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_2  | 134 | 208 | 140 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_3  | 215 | 128 | 62  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_4  | 180 | 67  | 132 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_5  | 0   | 206 | 210 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_6  | 148 | 141 | 75  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_7  | 218 | 202 | 174 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_8  | 73  | 205 | 231 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_9  | 112 | 103 | 187 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_10 | 193 | 226 | 131 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_11 | 59  | 138 | 193 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_12 | 94  | 176 | 205 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_13 | 210 | -12 | 75  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_14 | 231 | 133 | 200 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_15 | 237 | 183 | 121 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_16 | -2  | 113 | 196 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_17 | 144 | 99  | 133 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_18 | 168 | 56  | 226 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_19 | 64  | 73  | 57  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Team_20 | 195 | 93  | 235 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

30

|         |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Team_1  | 1A | 40 | 0  | 50 | 0  | 35 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 55 | 55 | 0  |
| Team_2  | 3A | 60 | 55 | 50 | 35 | 35 | 20 | 35 | 25 | 55 | 20 | 60 | 30 |
| Team_3  | 2A | 25 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 50 | 25 | 40 | 35 | 0  | 50 | 45 | 30 |
| Team_4  | 4A | 60 | 20 | 35 | 50 | 50 | 60 | 50 | 55 | 50 | 60 | 50 | 50 |
| Team_5  | 6A | 50 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 30 | 55 | 50 | 60 | 45 | 40 | 40 | 55 |
| Team_6  | 1A | 20 | 55 | 25 | 60 | 40 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 45 | 25 | 60 | 25 |
| Team_7  | 5A | 50 | 50 | 25 | 55 | 0  | 60 | 35 | 35 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 45 |
| Team_8  | 3A | 55 | 0  | 60 | 50 | 0  | 60 | 45 | 25 | 60 | 25 | 35 | 60 |
| Team_9  | 6A | 40 | 50 | 50 | 0  | 25 | 50 | 35 | 0  | 40 | 25 | 50 | 55 |
| Team_10 | 1A | 45 | 30 | 30 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 20 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 0  | 60 |
| Team_11 | 2A | 50 | 30 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 50 | 20 | 45 | 55 | 55 | 35 | 60 |
| Team_12 | 4A | 45 | 55 | 40 | 0  | 55 | 35 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 0  | 55 | 40 |
| Team_13 | 4A | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 50 |
| Team_14 | 2A | 30 | 50 | 60 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 40 | 0  | 40 | 60 | 60 |
| Team_15 | 5A | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 55 |
| Team_16 | 3A | 40 | 0  | 50 | 30 | 0  | 20 | 30 | 50 | 60 | 30 | 60 | 50 |
| Team_17 | 5A | 60 | 45 | 55 | 0  | 55 | 50 | 50 | 60 | 40 | 45 | 45 | 50 |
| Team_18 | 2A | 60 | 0  | 50 | 0  | 0  | 40 | 0  | 50 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Team_19 | 4A | 25 | 45 | 40 | 60 | 55 | 50 | 35 | 55 | 20 | 20 | 35 | 25 |
| Team_20 | 3A | 55 | 50 | 40 | 25 | 55 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 50 | 25 | 30 | 55 |
| Team_21 | 6A | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| Team_22 | 5A | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| Team_23 | 5A | 0  | 60 | 40 | 40 | 60 | 35 | 20 | 50 | 60 | 50 | 50 | 55 |
| Team_24 | 6A | 30 | 60 | 60 | 30 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 40 | 60 | 35 | 60 | 45 |
| Team_25 | 1A | 35 | 60 | 20 | 20 | 55 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 40 | 60 | 30 |
| Team_26 | 4A | 50 | 25 | 55 | 45 | 60 | 40 | 55 | 20 | 45 | 40 | 30 | 40 |
| Team_27 | 3A | 50 | 30 | 55 | 55 | 30 | 0  | 55 | 35 | 60 | 50 | 55 | 55 |
| Team_28 | 6A | 50 | 0  | 35 | 55 | 50 | 0  | 20 | 50 | 40 | 20 | 60 | 60 |
| Team_29 | 1A | 60 | 55 | 45 | 60 | 40 | 0  | 60 | 45 | 35 | 45 | 0  | 35 |
| Team_30 | 2A | 40 | 30 | 50 | 30 | 55 | 30 | 55 | 60 | 55 | 50 | 45 | 40 |

|        |     |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| Team_1 | 20  | 60  | 112 |
| Team_2 | 56  | 108 | 138 |
| Team_3 | 36  | 118 | -6  |
| Team_4 | 186 | 116 | 8   |
| Team_5 | 156 | 166 | 174 |
| Team_6 | 80  | 166 | 60  |
| Team_7 | 149 | 162 | 102 |
| Team_8 | 118 | -4  | 138 |

*~ Hannah Input continues next page ~*

**UIL – Computer Science Judge’s Packet – Invitational B - 2024**

*~ Hannah Input continued ~*

|         |     |     |     |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| Team_9  | 150 | 160 | 174 |
| Team_10 | 74  | 58  | 12  |
| Team_11 | 168 | 4   | 66  |
| Team_12 | 80  | 58  | 122 |
| Team_13 | 34  | 26  | 140 |
| Team_14 | 108 | 94  | 22  |
| Team_15 | 124 | 168 | 192 |
| Team_16 | 108 | 74  | 178 |
| Team_17 | 94  | 52  | 48  |
| Team_18 | 18  | 28  | 28  |
| Team_19 | 66  | 58  | -6  |
| Team_20 | 148 | 74  | 56  |
| Team_21 | 174 | 238 | 170 |
| Team_22 | 84  | 182 | 204 |
| Team_23 | 158 | 96  | 184 |
| Team_24 | 198 | 226 | 192 |
| Team_25 | -2  | -18 | 120 |
| Team_26 | 66  | 90  | 92  |
| Team_27 | 80  | 134 | -16 |
| Team_28 | 240 | 214 | 148 |
| Team_29 | 92  | 6   | 64  |
| Team_30 | -14 | 82  | 60  |

**Test Output To Screen:**

Classification 1A Results  
 Team\_8 990  
 Team\_4 719  
 Classification 2A Results  
 Team\_1 904  
 Team\_15 690  
 Classification 3A Results  
 Team\_11 914  
 Team\_13 607  
 Classification 4A Results  
 Team\_10 989  
 Team\_6 951  
 Classification 5A Results  
 Team\_2 1074  
 Team\_14 967  
 Team\_5 938  
 Team\_12 866  
 Classification 6A Results  
 Team\_7 971  
 Team\_3 952  
 Team\_9 936

=====

*~ Output continues next column ~*

*~ Output continued ~*

Classification 1A Results  
 Team\_8 974  
 Team\_4 789  
 Classification 2A Results  
 Team\_15 966  
 Team\_1 921  
 Team\_9 827  
 Classification 3A Results  
 Team\_17 856  
 Team\_11 770  
 Team\_13 723  
 Classification 4A Results  
 Team\_10 1045  
 Team\_6 844  
 Team\_16 787  
 Classification 5A Results  
 Team\_14 974  
 Team\_2 942  
 Team\_12 920  
 Team\_5 871  
 Team\_19 619  
 Classification 6A Results  
 Team\_7 1034  
 Team\_20 1003  
 Team\_3 955  
 Team\_18 895

=====

*~ Output continues next column ~*

*~ Output continued ~*

Classification 1A Results  
 Team\_6 831  
 Team\_29 642  
 Team\_10 639  
 Team\_25 625  
 Team\_1 427  
 Classification 2A Results  
 Team\_11 748  
 Team\_14 704  
 Team\_30 668  
 Team\_3 608  
 Team\_18 274  
 Classification 3A Results  
 Team\_2 782  
 Team\_16 780  
 Team\_20 753  
 Team\_27 728  
 Team\_8 727  
 Classification 4A Results  
 Team\_13 905  
 Team\_4 900  
 Team\_26 753  
 Team\_12 735  
 Team\_19 583  
 Classification 5A Results  
 Team\_15 1199  
 Team\_22 1190  
 Team\_23 958  
 Team\_7 918  
 Team\_17 749  
 Classification 6A Results  
 Team\_21 1302  
 Team\_24 1156  
 Team\_5 1066  
 Team\_28 1042  
 Team\_9 904

=====

**Problem #9**  
**60 Points**

**9. Jennifer**

**Program Name: Jennifer.java**

**Input File: jennifer.dat**

**Test Input File:**

100  
6566832 121145770  
83861962 442503106  
954031266 1094811092  
45293078 166717738  
2041679849 2051287937  
118972420 131203543  
492026934 2018339073  
403555292 428253450  
1412489584 1613378470  
139012142 1724168390  
552240742 2110576592  
281255322 951072450  
859321883 957444255  
274366090 620828416  
586686040 1971371564  
403964028 1891366538  
287906686 489722942  
1888329621 2041472043  
1039142254 1159045233  
1589584142 1639342802  
102441350 161340376  
45178196 1003705622  
892968896 993227524  
240228386 2019547860  
1040730895 1520767030  
124764482 192906424  
535660106 994397938  
853091572 1301584638  
156996174 741312444  
218627280 1173472908  
952245152 1535727236  
480278570 1986472482  
198962396 952552345

*~ Continued from previous column ~*

870984655 1778788730  
80613417 343930959  
231238458 1135011902  
1315674738 1974795566  
320324560 1600968358  
933602314 1466438475  
762175654 893973068  
398621129 637745208  
1039056990 1988629744  
1277220863 1307845751  
1064490506 1074152800  
1020619605 1152752823  
242432542 373337021  
143839145 260670817  
9815980 104188886  
1239319164 1855656828  
774603920 1843858954  
813314259 984710313  
91101705 383785520  
860465117 1379072158  
155668090 270424562  
219265970 465134385  
855118748 1696944514  
166849739 203356696  
1536947438 1941912037  
296616854 591556110  
129880080 184867876  
438738386 1654317372  
1718122772 1872524084  
1067450633 1608430938  
1421519118 1522747380  
517195976 1038813464  
67277122 1775369472  
117942594 965052676

*~ Continued from previous column ~*

1059488218 1809069450  
56085700 154169082  
181819842 767112261  
1564085536 1903994738  
42662540 1645582052  
570530952 1445749704  
347970801 703110078  
907566567 1157757762  
447972464 841885956  
1395042915 1737711579  
311949483 390783117  
47810358 90921572  
770089248 1567242801  
614200688 809979282  
786488504 1571970222  
314369069 1125457360  
934961646 1864537989  
627823017 1428963549  
805366830 1652537354  
904687088 1225694790  
230201662 1105113400  
860579400 1490214882  
172945670 346481712  
1103254784 1229443878  
6499731 140980112  
9293788 1646566148  
44008480 307651315  
668075542 864876978  
32296544 107777380  
758915928 1385969262  
1959356720 2036638134  
1833754569 1862334444  
1660586130 1916603296

*~ Input continues next column ~*

*~ Input continues next column ~*

*~ Jennifer Output next page ~*

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~ Jennifer Output ~

**Test Output To Screen:**

57289469 3283416  
179320572 41930981  
70389913 477015633  
60712330 22646539  
9608088 2041679849  
12231123 118972420  
508770713 164008978  
12349079 201777646  
9131313 64204072  
792578124 69506071  
779167925 276120371  
111636188 46875887  
98122372 859321883  
173231163 137183045  
346171381 146671510  
743701255 201982014  
100908128 143953343  
51047474 629443207  
5213173 45180098  
1081710 34556177  
29449513 51220675  
479263713 22589098  
25064657 223242224  
889659737 120114193  
96007227 208146179  
34070971 62382241  
229368916 267830053  
224246533 426545786  
97386045 26166029  
79570469 18218940  
145870521 238061288  
753096956 240139285  
12772711 3372244  
181560815 174196931  
87772514 26871139  
451886722 115619229  
329560414 657837369  
640321899 160162280  
532836161 933602314  
65898707 381087827  
239124079 398621129  
474786377 519528495  
1801464 75130639  
4831147 532245253  
44044406 340206535  
130904479 242432542  
116831672 143839145  
47186453 4907990  
51361472 103276597  
534627517 387301960

~ Output continues next column ~

~ Continued from previous column ~

19044006 90368251  
58536763 18220341  
518607041 860465117  
57378236 77834045  
49173683 43853194  
420912883 427559374  
36506957 166849739  
31151123 118226726  
147469628 148308427  
13746949 32470020  
607789493 219369193  
38600328 429530693  
6517835 12860851  
411497 5778533  
65202186 64649497  
854046175 33638561  
60507863 8424471  
374790616 529744109  
49041691 28042850  
195097473 60606614  
169954601 782042768  
400729878 10665635  
12155816 7924041  
118379759 115990267  
83397065 302522189  
98478373 111993116  
114222888 465014305  
26277878 103983161  
21555607 23905179  
88572617 85565472  
97889297 307100344  
392740859 393244252  
811088291 314369069  
309858781 311653882  
267046844 209274339  
423585262 402683415  
160503851 452343544  
437455869 115100831  
104939247 143429900  
86768021 86472835  
63094547 551627392  
19211483 928533  
409318090 2323447  
52728567 8801696  
98400718 334037771  
18870209 8074136  
104508889 126485988  
38640707 979678360  
9526625 611251523  
128008583 830293065

**Problem #10**  
**60 Points**

**10. Leah**

**Program Name: Leah.java**

**Input File: leah.dat**

| <b>Test Input File:</b>      | <i>Continued from previous column</i> | <i>Continued from previous column</i> |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 32                           | 8                                     | 1                                     |
| 6                            | 6                                     | 6                                     |
| 4                            | 5                                     | 6                                     |
| 7                            | 6                                     | 3                                     |
| 8                            | 3                                     | 3                                     |
| 8                            | 1                                     | 8                                     |
| 5                            | 8                                     | 6                                     |
| 1                            | 4                                     | 6                                     |
| 7                            | 3                                     | 5                                     |
| 5                            | 6                                     | 8                                     |
| 2                            | 7                                     | 1                                     |
| <i>Continues next column</i> | <i>Continues next column</i>          |                                       |

**Test Output To Screen: (indented lines are continuation of previous line)**

```

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48
  49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34
  35 33 32
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48
  49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34
  35 33 32 96 97 99 98 102 103 101 100 108 109 111 110 106 107 105 104 120 121 123 122
  126 127 125 124 116 117 119 118 114 115 113 112 80 81 83 82 86 87 85 84 92 93 95 94
  90 91 89 88 72 73 75 74 78 79 77 76 68 69 71 70 66 67 65 64
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48
  49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34
  35 33 32 96 97 99 98 102 103 101 100 108 109 111 110 106 107 105 104 120 121 123 122
  126 127 125 124 116 117 119 118 114 115 113 112 80 81 83 82 86 87 85 84 92 93 95 94
  90 91 89 88 72 73 75 74 78 79 77 76 68 69 71 70 66 67 65 64 192 193 195 194 198 199
  197 196 204 205 207 206 202 203 201 200 216 217 219 218 222 223 221 220 212 213 215
  214 210 211 209 208 240 241 243 242 246 247 245 244 252 253 255 254 250 251 249 248
  232 233 235 234 238 239 237 236 228 229 231 230 226 227 225 224 160 161 163 162 166
  167 165 164 172 173 175 174 170 171 169 168 184 185 187 186 190 191 189 188 180 181
  183 182 178 179 177 176 144 145 147 146 150 151 149 148 156 157 159 158 154 155 153
  152 136 137 139 138 142 143 141 140 132 133 135 134 130 131 129 128
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48
  49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34
  35 33 32 96 97 99 98 102 103 101 100 108 109 111 110 106 107 105 104 120 121 123 122
  126 127 125 124 116 117 119 118 114 115 113 112 80 81 83 82 86 87 85 84 92 93 95 94
  90 91 89 88 72 73 75 74 78 79 77 76 68 69 71 70 66 67 65 64 192 193 195 194 198 199
  197 196 204 205 207 206 202 203 201 200 216 217 219 218 222 223 221 220 212 213 215
  214 210 211 209 208 240 241 243 242 246 247 245 244 252 253 255 254 250 251 249 248
  232 233 235 234 238 239 237 236 228 229 231 230 226 227 225 224 160 161 163 162 166
  167 165 164 172 173 175 174 170 171 169 168 184 185 187 186 190 191 189 188 180 181
  183 182 178 179 177 176 144 145 147 146 150 151 149 148 156 157 159 158 154 155 153
  152 136 137 139 138 142 143 141 140 132 133 135 134 130 131 129 128
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16
0 1

```

~ Continues next page ~

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*~ Leah continued from previous page ~*

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32 96 97 99 98 102 103 101 100 108 109 111 110 106 107 105 104 120 121 123 122  
126 127 125 124 116 117 119 118 114 115 113 112 80 81 83 82 86 87 85 84 92 93 95 94  
90 91 89 88 72 73 75 74 78 79 77 76 68 69 71 70 66 67 65 64

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16  
0 1 3 2

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32 96 97 99 98 102 103 101 100 108 109 111 110 106 107 105 104 120 121 123 122  
126 127 125 124 116 117 119 118 114 115 113 112 80 81 83 82 86 87 85 84 92 93 95 94  
90 91 89 88 72 73 75 74 78 79 77 76 68 69 71 70 66 67 65 64 192 193 195 194 198 199  
197 196 204 205 207 206 202 203 201 200 216 217 219 218 222 223 221 220 212 213 215  
214 210 211 209 208 240 241 243 242 246 247 245 244 252 253 255 254 250 251 249 248  
232 233 235 234 238 239 237 236 228 229 231 230 226 227 225 224 160 161 163 162 166  
167 165 164 172 173 175 174 170 171 169 168 184 185 187 186 190 191 189 188 180 181  
183 182 178 179 177 176 144 145 147 146 150 151 149 148 156 157 159 158 154 155 153  
152 136 137 139 138 142 143 141 140 132 133 135 134 130 131 129 128

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4

0 1

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32 96 97 99 98 102 103 101 100 108 109 111 110 106 107 105 104 120 121 123 122  
126 127 125 124 116 117 119 118 114 115 113 112 80 81 83 82 86 87 85 84 92 93 95 94  
90 91 89 88 72 73 75 74 78 79 77 76 68 69 71 70 66 67 65 64 192 193 195 194 198 199  
197 196 204 205 207 206 202 203 201 200 216 217 219 218 222 223 221 220 212 213 215  
214 210 211 209 208 240 241 243 242 246 247 245 244 252 253 255 254 250 251 249 248  
232 233 235 234 238 239 237 236 228 229 231 230 226 227 225 224 160 161 163 162 166  
167 165 164 172 173 175 174 170 171 169 168 184 185 187 186 190 191 189 188 180 181  
183 182 178 179 177 176 144 145 147 146 150 151 149 148 156 157 159 158 154 155 153  
152 136 137 139 138 142 143 141 140 132 133 135 134 130 131 129 128

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32 96 97 99 98 102 103 101 100 108 109 111 110 106 107 105 104 120 121 123 122  
126 127 125 124 116 117 119 118 114 115 113 112 80 81 83 82 86 87 85 84 92 93 95 94  
90 91 89 88 72 73 75 74 78 79 77 76 68 69 71 70 66 67 65 64

0 1

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4

*~ Continues next page ~*

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~ Leah continued from previous page ~

0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32 96 97 99 98 102 103 101 100 108 109 111 110 106 107 105 104 120 121 123 122  
126 127 125 124 116 117 119 118 114 115 113 112 80 81 83 82 86 87 85 84 92 93 95 94  
90 91 89 88 72 73 75 74 78 79 77 76 68 69 71 70 66 67 65 64 192 193 195 194 198 199  
197 196 204 205 207 206 202 203 201 200 216 217 219 218 222 223 221 220 212 213 215  
214 210 211 209 208 240 241 243 242 246 247 245 244 252 253 255 254 250 251 249 248  
232 233 235 234 238 239 237 236 228 229 231 230 226 227 225 224 160 161 163 162 166  
167 165 164 172 173 175 174 170 171 169 168 184 185 187 186 190 191 189 188 180 181  
183 182 178 179 177 176 144 145 147 146 150 151 149 148 156 157 159 158 154 155 153  
152 136 137 139 138 142 143 141 140 132 133 135 134 130 131 129 128  
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32  
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32  
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16  
0 1 3 2 6 7 5 4 12 13 15 14 10 11 9 8 24 25 27 26 30 31 29 28 20 21 23 22 18 19 17 16 48  
49 51 50 54 55 53 52 60 61 63 62 58 59 57 56 40 41 43 42 46 47 45 44 36 37 39 38 34  
35 33 32 96 97 99 98 102 103 101 100 108 109 111 110 106 107 105 104 120 121 123 122  
126 127 125 124 116 117 119 118 114 115 113 112 80 81 83 82 86 87 85 84 92 93 95 94  
90 91 89 88 72 73 75 74 78 79 77 76 68 69 71 70 66 67 65 64 192 193 195 194 198 199  
197 196 204 205 207 206 202 203 201 200 216 217 219 218 222 223 221 220 212 213 215  
214 210 211 209 208 240 241 243 242 246 247 245 244 252 253 255 254 250 251 249 248  
232 233 235 234 238 239 237 236 228 229 231 230 226 227 225 224 160 161 163 162 166  
167 165 164 172 173 175 174 170 171 169 168 184 185 187 186 190 191 189 188 180 181  
183 182 178 179 177 176 144 145 147 146 150 151 149 148 156 157 159 158 154 155 153  
152 136 137 139 138 142 143 141 140 132 133 135 134 130 131 129 128  
0 1

**Problem #11**  
**60 Points**

## 11. Lucas

**Program Name: Lucas.java**

**Input File: lucas.dat**

**Test Input File:**

```
10
965 1200 1315 950
1408
2201 1534
1232 1236 1238 1240 1300 1303 1220 1251 1332 1299
1600 1200 1300 1400 1500
1
6061
1199 1200
1234 1324 1423 1342 1432 1243
1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 2 2222
```

**Test Output To Screen:**

```
18:02
23:28
31:07
21:02
23:20
0:01
101:01
19:59
22:13
25:00
```



**Problem #12**  
**60 Points**

**12. Veda**

**Program Name: Veda.java**

**Input File: veda.dat**

**Test Input File (indented lines are continuation of previous line):**

```
14
R, T, X:1.707920
A:0.053530
G:2.398230
P, Y:4.148970
H, J:6.799730
S:0.596120
F, O:6.100260
B, E, I:0.548650
D, V, L, N:0.654870
Q, C, M:9.904010
W:4.564600
U:8.875370
K:5.540460
Z:5.283880
43
UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
COMPUTER SCIENCE IS THE BEST SCIENCE
A RUBBER DUCK IS A PROGRAMMER'S BEST FRIEND!!!!
WOULD YOU RATHER HAVE UNLIMITED BACON, BUT NO GAMES, OR GAMES, UNLIMITED GAMES,
    BUT NO GAMES?
ROAD WORK AHEAD... UH, YEAH, I SURE HOPE IT DOES
NEVER GONNA GIVE YOU UP, NEVER GONNA LET YOU DOWN
POLYPHIA IS A FANTASTIC GROUP TO LISTEN TO WHILE WORKING, PROGRAMMING, OR DOING
    SOMETHING THAT REQUIRES FOCUS
MATRICULATION IS THE PROCESS OF GOING FROM YOUR BACHELOR'S TO YOUR MASTER'S
    DEGREE
WHY DO ALL CONTRACTORS ALWAYS SAY THAT IT'LL TAKE TWO WEEKS TO FINISH A PROJECT?
    IN REALITY, IT NEVER DOES.
DAD, I'M HUNGRY. HI HUNGRY, I'M DAD
EAMJFGPPNDISFPVFJFGXOHRRRMSDVTPLXLRDKSUIPXJGVNPF
EDMBIPDKNLFB
PFTOJODVALGFIMCDGKKEKU
OIFBLGQYNFQPHPNOSRGIFIFIPIFPXZJQFZSPMJFVAVVAUME
HCEOMTAIGZDOGDZJMRMCWJSOOXZXAKUYTHDOKFMIN
EPEXPGPSJZRHVJRDZVFDHRCUQI
ALTVHVWODAJJNRS
QWNCNOW
KEBOIZJVKZAQXQFNVHEMKYHGO
CNPDNXKKFOMWQGDHJYOVRARSCRHCVRMYDMUTDRIUOCAGTHYFFE
W
JVLZIFNCBFVUEQLXGHNYHGCCPUVDLLMPGACJBTTNNIBXYOSQDQ
IETLVJYKUWURVATVHQDAPIFIRPOLEMFUMZHXFGLJTHELEXWKD
XJZZUZSLRVWJBGDFCEMZZ
DVABWKTSQQTPLLEFDYSJWKVFM
SGCRSVPVGQ
MQAEDUHSSPNYLFWSBMBFGJLWK
~ Input continues next page ~
```

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~ *Veda input continued* ~

NARKAEUOMNRRBGKMXWMW  
KQEOGUGFXWIWEPNWQO  
B  
AQPHTVPHGWGF  
JILYDIETM  
LGDOYHNC  
JFRSKLUYVE  
TDEKYDRWFDXCTTDEUSUJG  
PFVMVODSEMVWTGTVWNEUXZFMWSPZHUII  
BDDNGWXQDQDZXX  
INWRTSRJHUKDDNPKQPQAKJFNELGQHXUVGHK  
WDUYSOOPEKMHBDVARHSOPUDWU  
NEOVJDK  
WTJNKBARWEPPBDTXRR  
DEUGEYGBHXIYFDKVDSSZVVFIAQZJDVQACZSYQHVVX  
CBKBLPGLNVSFUMVCCEKOVAEPOYALOOJGJGDJCFXSLCHTKX

**Test Output To Screen:**

\$75.10  
\$101.91  
\$92.56  
\$223.60  
\$101.80  
\$98.26  
\$280.55  
\$222.25  
\$203.38  
\$80.15  
\$159.96  
\$30.51  
\$90.93  
\$179.79  
\$186.05  
\$99.09  
\$38.46  
\$36.35  
\$108.07  
\$218.52  
\$4.56

~ *Continues next column* ~

~ *Continued from previous column* ~

\$190.84  
\$176.87  
\$89.49  
\$86.91  
\$32.96  
\$95.91  
\$74.93  
\$79.17  
\$0.55  
\$49.68  
\$25.52  
\$31.32  
\$35.63  
\$76.86  
\$119.96  
\$54.48  
\$140.55  
\$106.78  
\$20.95  
\$43.02  
\$139.43  
\$182.87