BEFORE WE GET STARTED

Register your attendance.

Session numbers are in the program.

Session 314



SCAN HERE FOR TYLER ROSTERS



Getting Started in Cross-Examination Debate

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They told me I have 45 minutes to explain CX Debate...



But I'm more worried about you....



So email me if you have questions...



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What is policy debate?

A game to determine which policy option should be adopted.

Always keep this in mind?

What world would you rather live in?

 How do you make "policy debate" decisions in your current life?

Overview 1.0



Round Overview

Three types of speeches: CONSTRUCTIVE REBUTTAL **CROSS-EXAMINATION** And then there's your best friend...PREP TIME! Prep time is your time out.

- Constructive Build/Read 8 Minutes
- Rebuttal Explain/Collapse 5 Minutes
- Cross-Examination Ask/Answer 3 Minutes

Everybody gets one of each!

Put it all together...

```
1AC
 CX by 2NC
               1NR
1NC
               1AR
 CX by 1AC
               2NR
2AC
               2AR
 CX by 1NC
2NC
```

CX by 2AC

Next Up: The Affirmative



Remember: policy debate is a <u>Civilized</u> argument to decide which policy option should be adopted.

About what?

The resolution ...

Resolved: Resolved: The United States federal government should significantly strengthen its protection of domestic intellectual property rights in copyrights, patents, and/or trademarks.

Just like a game, there are two sides...

... thus, two options!

Affirmative: They Agree

Megative: They Disagree

Affirmative Position: 1AC Plan Text

Negative default position: Status Quo

Building the 11AC

Why change?

Why do anything?

ADVANTAGES of voting affirmative (or DISADVANTAGE of voting negative).

Constructing Advantages

Advantages...

- ...aka HARMS
- ...tell stories about why the policy option creates advantages.
- ...aff team's best form of OFFENSE

Why do these problems exist anyway?

INHERENCY

What's going on in the **Status Quo?**

It argues that the problem will not get fixed in the status quo, so an affirmative ballot is NECESSARY to solve.

Advantages? Check

How do we "get" them?

PLAN Be Specific

But K.I.S.S.

Advantages? Check

Plan? Check

Does it work?

SOLVENCY

Order

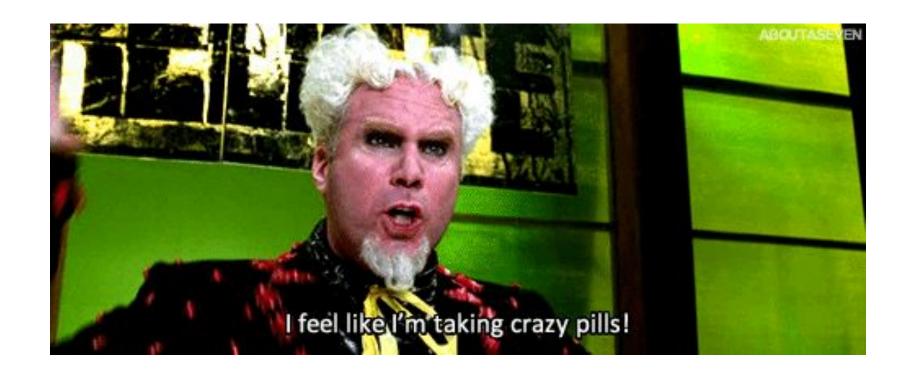
- Whichever makes most logical sense...TELL A STORY.
- One Example:
 - Contention 1 Inherency
 - Contention 2 Advantages (Harms)
 - PLAN TEXT (K.I.S.S.)
 - Contention 3 Solvency

8 Minutes

Advocate/Defend

Don't Lose It

Next: Disadvantages



DA Structure - Ran in 1NC

- A. Uniqueness (w/ Brink)
- B. Link
- C. Internal Link
- D. Impact

Impact Calculus

Recap: Advantage Disadvantage

> Magnitude of impact Probability of impact Timeframe of impact

Risk = magnitude X probability.

Next: Counterplans



Negative changes their advocacy by running a counterplan.

Here's what you need...

CP Plan Text (just like an affirmative)

Solvency (just like an affirmative.)

You already know what these things are. This is just another argument. Don't be scared.

New Term Incoming

Net Benefit (basically like an advantage)

- Internal CP avoids; so CP good
- External Reason why Aff is bad that doesn't link to the CP

The "Rules"

Competitive

Mutually Exclusive

Next: Topicality



Topicality

AFFIRMATIVE--means AFFIRM the resolution.

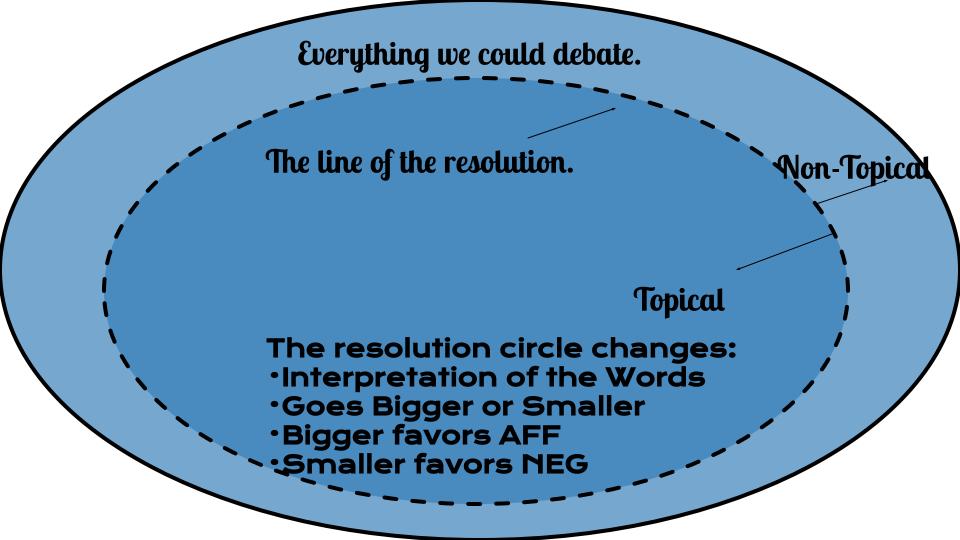
Each word is important.

If they don't, they are considered NON-TOPICAL.

But, it's not that simple... #sorrynotsorry

PROCEDURAL debate

Necessary, but insufficient for AFF Sufficient for NEG (high reward, low-risk argument)



T Structure - Ran in 1NC

A. Interpretation

(not absolute)

B. Violation

(pretty obvi, but...)

C. Reasons to Prefer

(remember L,G,P)

You may hear C called something different and a fourth item at times. This is unnecessary.

THANK YOU FOR ATTENDING



Tyler Eval

We value your feedback.

Please complete conference evaluation after your last session.