# The University Interscholastic League <br> Number Sense Test • HS A • 2024 



Directions: Do not turn this page until the person conducting this test gives the signal to begin. This is a ten-minute test. There are 80 problems. Solve accurately and quickly as many as you can in the order in which they appear. ALL PROBLEMS ARE TO BE SOLVED MENTALLY. Make no calculations with paper and pencil. Write only the answer in the space provided at the end of each problem. Problems marked with a ( $*$ ) require approximate integral answers; any answer to a starred problem that is within five percent of the exact answer will be scored correct; all other problems require exact answers.

The person conducting this contest should explain these directions to the contestants.

## STOP -- WAIT FOR SIGNAL!

(1) $4261-1624=$
(2) $\frac{5}{8}+\frac{3}{5}=$
(3) $1.62 \div 4=$ $\qquad$ (decimal)
(4) $1624 \div 9=$ $\qquad$ (mixed number)
(5) $1.0625=$ $\qquad$ (improper fraction)
(6) $24^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(7) $75 \times 56=$ $\qquad$
(8) The GCD of 12,24 , and 64 is $\qquad$
(9) $2024 \div 6$ has a remainder of $\qquad$
*(10) $(1624+2324) \times 30=$ $\qquad$
(11) $\$ 326.00$ at $5 \%$ simple interest for 6 months will have a balance of \$ $\qquad$
(12) $\mathbf{C V I}+$ MMXXIV = $\qquad$ (Arabic Numeral)
(13) $10 \div 6-20 \times 2+4=$ $\qquad$
(14) $23 \times \frac{23}{25}=$ $\qquad$ (mixed number)
(15) The average of $10,6,20$, and 24 is $\qquad$
(16) The average of $20,12,40$, and 48 is $\qquad$
(17) The average of $2.5,1.5,5$, and 6 is $\qquad$
(18) $34^{2}-31^{2}=6 \times$ $\qquad$
(19) The number of positive integral factors of $\mathbf{2 4}$ is $\qquad$
*(20) $106203 \div 24=$ $\qquad$
(21) $52 \times 58=$
(22) $0.2141414 \ldots=$ $\qquad$ (fraction)
(23) Write one million sixty-two thousand twenty-four in digits.
(24) $[10+6 \times 20+24] \div 7$ has a remainder of $\qquad$
(25) $9 \frac{1}{4} \times 9 \frac{3}{4}=$ $\qquad$ (mixed number)
(26) 15 pens at $34 \mathbb{C}$ a pen is $\$$ $\qquad$
(27) $\mathbf{1 5}$ pens at 37 C a pen is $\$$ $\qquad$
(28) 15 pens at $35.2 \mathbb{4}$ a pen is $\$$ $\qquad$
(29) 2024 base 6 is written as $\qquad$ base 10
*(30) $\sqrt{162324}=$ $\qquad$
(31) $2394 \times 6+36=$ $\qquad$
(32) $102 B=[2(12+B)]^{2}$. Find $B, B>0$. $\qquad$
(33) If $f(x)=4 x^{2}-20 x+25$, then $f(-9.5)=$ $\qquad$
(34) Given: 1, 7, 21, m, 35, 21, n, 1. Find m + n. $\qquad$
(35) The sum of three consecutive integers is 633. The smallest integer is $\qquad$
(36) $7 \frac{5}{11} \times 11 \frac{5}{7}=$ $\qquad$
(37) How many integers between 8 and 82 are divisible by 8 ? $\qquad$
(38) $\{p, r, i, m, e\} \cap[\{e, v, i, l\} \cap\{p, r, i, m, e, v, a, l\}]$ contains how many elements? $\qquad$
(39) Let $\frac{x+7}{x-3}+\frac{x-3}{x+7}=2 \frac{B}{C}$. Find $B$.
*(40) $\sqrt[3]{60130224}=$
(41) $1 \div 2 \frac{1}{2}=$ $\qquad$ (decimal)
(42) $(502)^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(43) $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{10}+\frac{1}{15}+\ldots+\frac{1}{36}=$ $\qquad$
(44) $13 \times 153=$ $\qquad$
(45) $33^{2}+74^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(46) The sum of the measures of the interior angles of a regular octagon is $\qquad$ degrees
(47) Two dice are rolled one at a time. Find the odds that the first number is even and the second is odd?
(48) 17 is what percent less than 20 ? $\qquad$ \%
(49) $\left(7^{3}-5^{3}\right) \div(7-5)=$ $\qquad$
*(50) $106203 \div 42=$ $\qquad$
(51) The $11^{\text {th }}$ term of $1,3,6,11,18,29, \ldots$ is 130 . The $10^{\text {th }}$ term is $\qquad$
(52) If $(1+6 i)(2-3 i)=a+b i$, then $a-b=$ $\qquad$
(53) $\left(6^{5}+4^{5}+1\right) \div 10$ has a remainder of $\qquad$
(54) $(1.2+3.4+4.6+8+12.6+20.6+33.2+53.8)$ $+(87+140.8+227.8)=$
(55) If $\left(\sqrt[3]{a^{2}}\right)\left(\sqrt[6]{a^{10}}\right)=\left(\sqrt[n]{a^{k}}\right)$, where $n$ and $k$ are relatively prime, then $\mathbf{n}+\mathbf{k}=$
(56) $2024_{8}-106_{8}-\mathbf{2 0 3}_{8}=$ $\qquad$ 8
(57) Let $6 \frac{2}{m} \times n \frac{3}{8}=28$, where $m$, $n$ are natural numbers. Find mn.
(58) The coefficient of the $x^{3} y^{3}$ term of $(x+2 y)^{6}$ is $\qquad$
(59) $10624_{9} \div 3$ has a remainder of $\qquad$
*(60) $8^{3} \div 4^{6} \times 2^{10}=$ $\qquad$
(61) $\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)=$ $\qquad$
(62) If $\sqrt{1+6 \sqrt{2 \sqrt{4+x}}}=5$, then $x=$ $\qquad$
(63) The third hexagonal number is $\qquad$
(64) $\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 6 \\ 2 & 4\end{array}\right] \times\left[\begin{array}{ll}2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{ll}a & b \\ c & d\end{array}\right]$. Find $b-c$.
(65) $f(x)=x^{2}-x, g(x)=2 x+1$, and $f(g(3))=$ $\qquad$
(66) 16 feet $=$ $\qquad$ fathoms
(67) Let $x-6 y=24$ and $2 x+6 y=24$. Find $3 x$. $\qquad$
(68) 0.45 base $6=$ $\qquad$ base 10 (fraction)
(69) $24^{10} \div 19$ has a remainder of $\qquad$
*(70) $\left(16+4+1+\frac{1}{4}+\ldots\right)^{3}=$ $\qquad$
(71) Find $x, 6 \leq x \leq 10$, if $2 x+3 \cong 4(\bmod 5)$.
(72) The smallest posssible value of $g(x)=x^{2}-2 x-4$ is $\qquad$
(73) $f(x)=\frac{3 x-4}{2 x+5}$ and $f^{-1}(-1)=$ $\qquad$
(74) Given: $f(x)=x^{2}+2 x+5$ has a minimum point at $(a, b)$. Find $a+b$.
(75) $x^{2}+y^{2}=6 x$ has area of $k \pi$ sq. units and $k=$ $\qquad$
(76) The $y$-intercept of the line tangent to the curve $y=x^{2}+3 x-1$ at $x=1$ is $y=$ $\qquad$
(77) $\int_{0}^{2}(3-\mathrm{x}) d x=$ $\qquad$
(78) Given: $2,6,15,28$, k, 78, 119,... . Find k.
(79) $1624 \times 15=$ $\qquad$
*(80) $107 \times 428.571=$ $\qquad$
(1) 2,637
(18) $32.5, \frac{65}{2}, 32 \frac{1}{2}$
(35) 210
(57) 20
(2) $1.225, \frac{49}{40}, 1 \frac{9}{40}$
(19) 8
(3) .405
*(20) 4,204-4,646
(36) $\frac{6724}{77}, 87 \frac{25}{77}$
(58) 160
(37) 9
(38) 2
(39) 100
*(40) 373 - 411
(41) . 4
(42) 252,004
(43) $\frac{7}{9}$
(44) $\mathbf{1 , 9 8 9}$
(45) 6,565
(46) $\mathbf{1 , 0 8 0}$
(47) $\frac{1}{3}$
(48) 15
(49) 109
*(50) 2,403-2,655
(72) -5
(51) 101
(73) $-.2,-\frac{1}{5}$
(52) 11
(74) 3
(53) 1
(75) 9
(54) 593
(76) -2
(55) 10
(56) 1513
(77) 4
(78) 55
(79) 24,360
*(80) 43,565 - 48,149

