

CONTESTANT NUMBER:

FOR GRADER USE ONLY

Score Test Below:

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Papers contending to place:

_____ Initials _____



**University Interscholastic League
A+ Social Studies Contest • Answer Sheet**

Write your contestant number in the upper right corner, and circle your grade below.

Circle Grade Level: 5 6 7 8

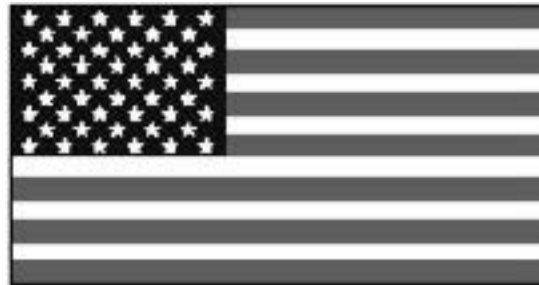
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| 16. | A | B | C | D | 36. | A | B | C | D |
| 17. | A | B | C | D | 37. | A | B | C | D |
| 18. | A | B | C | D | 38. | A | B | C | D |
| 19. | A | B | C | D | 39. | A | B | C | D |
| 20. | A | B | C | D | 40. | A | B | C | D |

INVITATIONAL 2021-2022

A+ ACADEMICS



University Interscholastic League



Social Studies

grades 5 & 6

**DO NOT OPEN TEST
UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO**

**UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
INVITATIONAL TEST — GRADES 5 & 6**

?

- North

- Urban way of life

**- Most lived on farms,
some worked in factories
and lived in large towns**

- Wanted higher tariffs

- South

- Rural way of life

**- Most lived on farms
and in small towns**

- Wanted lower tariffs

1. What title best completes the chart?
 - a. Progressivism
 - b. Sectionalism
 - c. Isolationism
 - d. Federalism

2. How did Southern slave owners defend slavery?
 - a. They had the same voting rights as other workers
 - b. Were provided benefits such as insurance
 - c. Believed it was wrong for one human being to own another
 - d. They argued that slaves were better off than Northern factory workers

3. When did Congress pass the first Reconstruction Act?
 - a. 1867
 - b. 1870
 - c. 1865
 - d. 1888

4. Who was President of the United States during Reconstruction?
 - a. Jefferson Davis
 - b. James Buchanan
 - c. Andrew Johnson
 - d. Ulysses S. Grant

5. What early battle of the Civil War occurred at a small stream on July 21, 1861 while Federal troops were on their way to invade Richmond, Virginia?
 - a. Savannah
 - b. New Orleans
 - c. Atlanta
 - d. First Battle of Bull Run

6. How did the blockade of Vicksburg cause the Confederates to surrender?
 - a. They could not get supplies through and people faced starvation
 - b. Pushed Union forces back and missed an opportunity to pursue them
 - c. Used a method of total war to destroy not just the opposing army but the people's will to fight
 - d. Reinforcements arrived and turned the tide

7. What new technology allowed families of Civil War soldiers to see the horrors of war?

- a. Drawings
- b. Television
- c. Photography
- d. Light bulb

- **Opposed the spread of slavery**
- **President of the United States during the Civil War**
- **Issued the Emancipation Proclamation**

8. All of the above statements describe which of the following individuals?

- a. John Quincy Adams
- b. Abraham Lincoln
- c. Andrew Jackson
- d. Herbert Hoover

9. _____ cared for soldiers during the Civil War and later organized the American Association of the Red Cross.

- a. Clara Barton
- b. Belle Boyd
- c. Francis Clalin
- d. Harriet Tubman

10. By the early 1900s, what new invention was creating a growing demand for products made from oil?

- a. Textiles
- b. Automobile
- c. Barbed wire
- d. Elevators

11. Why did people move to the cities from small towns and farms all over the United States?

- a. Fewer homes
- b. More land to build farms
- c. Better transportation routes
- d. Busy factories and many jobs

Farmers in the South were having economic problems. The supply of food was increasing rapidly, but consumer demand was growing slowly. To attract more consumers, farmers had to drop the price of their products.

12. What were these farmers experiencing?

- a. Favorable balance of trade
- b. Due process of law
- c. Law of supply and demand
- d. Doctrine of Nullification

13. As a young person, how can you be a good citizen?

- a. Vote
- b. Serve on a jury
- c. Write to your elected officials about issues that concern you
- d. Serve in the military

14. What type of responsibilities are those that involve your government and community?

- a. Civil
- b. Personal
- c. Educational
- d. Religious

15. Who is this political leader?

- a. Elizabeth Warren
- b. Elena Kagan
- c. Shea O'Leary
- d. Kamala Harris



16. _____ is the current Secretary of Defense.

- a. Tom Vilsack
- b. Lloyd Austin
- c. Marty Walsh
- d. Xavier Becerra

"in order to form a permanent federal government, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity"

17. Which document contains this quote?

- a. Constitution of the Confederate States
- b. Declaration of Independence
- c. Constitution of the United States
- d. Mayflower Compact

18. According to the Confederate Constitution, how many days does the President have to return a bill before it becomes law?

- a. 30 days
- b. 10 days
- c. 60 days
- d. 90 days

19. When did Lincoln deliver the Gettysburg Address?

- a. July 21, 1861
- b. April 25, 1862
- c. September 17, 1862
- d. November 19, 1863

20. According to the Gettysburg Address, what task lay ahead of the nation?

- a. Improve the economy
- b. Build a transportation system
- c. Preservation of the nation and its government
- d. Seek foreign alliances

?

Arkansas Texas Mississippi Alabama Florida Georgia

21. Which title finishes the chart about the Emancipation Proclamation?
- a. Leading coal producing states
 - b. Breadbasket states
 - c. Areas in rebellion against the United States
 - d. Major shipping states
22. Who was serving as the United States Secretary of State at the issuance of the Emancipation Proclamation?
- a. William Seward
 - b. John H. Reagan
 - c. Alexander Hamilton
 - d. James Madison
23. When was the Fifteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution ratified?
- a. 1860
 - b. 1865
 - c. 1880
 - d. 1870
24. Which Amendment to the United States Constitution laid the groundwork for many of the civil rights laws that enhanced equality for all Americans?
- a. 2nd
 - b. 14th
 - c. 21st
 - d. 26th
25. Why was the region that included Syria and Iraq called the “Fertile Crescent”?
- a. Area of rich farmland
 - b. Harsh weather
 - c. Lack of water
 - d. Abundant timber
26. Which Asian country is home to 8 of the 10 highest mountains in the world attracting thousands of climbers and hikers each year, creating a growing tourist industry?
- a. Libya
 - b. Spain
 - c. Nepal
 - d. Argentina
27. Singapore has one of the world’s busiest harbors. It is a free-port. What is a free-port?
- a. City and its surrounding countryside
 - b. A place where goods can be loaded or unloaded, stored and shipped again without payment of import taxes
 - c. Process of removing salt to make seawater drinkable
 - d. Type of environment in which a particular animal species lives
28. Because no part of it is more than 85 miles from the sea, which nation still has one of the largest shipping fleets in the world?
- a. Portugal
 - b. El Salvador
 - c. Chad
 - d. Greece

- **Geothermal power**
- **Solar power**
- **Wind power**
- **Hydropower**

29. These are examples of what type of natural resources?

- a. Nonrenewable
- b. Renewable
- c. Human
- d. Conservation

30. Which West Indies country mines bauxite, a mineral used to make aluminum?

- a. Jamaica
- b. Algeria
- c. Denmark
- d. Mongolia

31. Who is an entrepreneur?

- a. Young worker who learned a trade or skill from a master teacher
- b. Official of the Christian Church
- c. A person who organizes and operates a business, taking on greater than normal financial risks in order to do so
- d. Person who travels from place to place when extra help is needed to plant or harvest crops

32. Why is Luxembourg so attractive to foreign countries?

- a. Numerous water resources
- b. Harsh climate
- c. Rocky soil
- d. Most of its people are multilingual

33. What is one of the ways that people today have learned about other groups of people?

- a. Telegraph
- b. Internet
- c. Stagecoaches
- d. Steamboats

34. Which United States neighbor allows citizens to travel freely between them, which is symbolic of the free trade between these nations?

- a. Peru
- b. Great Britain
- c. Algeria
- d. Canada

35. How did the Civil War affect the lives of Texans who stayed at home?

- a. Kept farms and businesses running
- b. Trained troops
- c. Mined gold
- d. Whaling

36. Why was Governor Edmund Davis unpopular among Anglo-American Texans?
- a. Faced many border issues
 - b. Caused a crisis over the sale of the navy
 - c. Spent too much state money and was too eager to help African Americans
 - d. Failed to reduce taxes

Six Flags Over Texas

Spain ? Mexico Republic of Texas Confederate United States

37. Which flag finishes the chart?

- a. Germany
- b. France
- c. Ireland
- d. Poland

38. What historic landmark was the site of a bloody battle that inspired Sam Houston's troops to win the Texas Revolution?

- a. Washington-on-the-Brazos
- b. Victoria
- c. Alamo
- d. Coleto Creek

39. When did Juneteenth originate?

- a. June 19, 1865
- b. June 13, 1863
- c. June 15, 1863
- d. June 18, 1865

40. What date is considered Texas Independence Day?

- a. April 21
- b. May 14
- c. March 11
- d. March 2

**UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
INVITATIONAL TEST — GRADES 5 & 6**

Answer Key

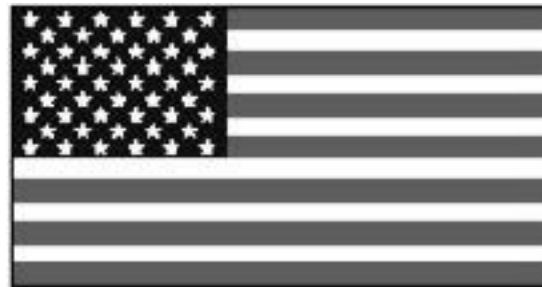
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| 2. D | 22. A |
| 3. A | 23. D |
| 4. C | 24. B |
| 5. D | 25. A |
| 6. A | 26. C |
| 7. C | 27. B |
| 8. B | 28. D |
| 9. A | 29. B |
| 10. B | 30. A |
| 11. D | 31. C |
| 12. C | 32. D |
| 13. C | 33. B |
| 14. A | 34. D |
| 15. D | 35. A |
| 16. B | 36. C |
| 17. A | 37. B |
| 18. B | 38. C |
| 19. D | 39. A |
| 20. C | 40. D |

INVITATIONAL 2021-2022

A+ ACADEMICS



University Interscholastic League



Social Studies

grades 7 & 8

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UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
INVITATIONAL TEST — GRADES 7 & 8

North

Immigrant labor
Industrial economy
Wanted tariffs to protect industry

South

Slavery
Agricultural economy
Opposed tariffs because it increased the price of goods

1. How did these differences affect the nation?
 - a. Eliminated the need for foreign alliances
 - b. Strengthened the economy
 - c. Led to sectionalism
 - d. Decreased the need for a strong military

2. Why did Texas suffer less than other Confederate States?
 - a. More industries
 - b. Fewer battles were fought in the state
 - c. Numerous transportation routes
 - d. Better communication

3. How was society changed in Texas following the Civil War?
 - a. Suffered the loss of many Texans
 - b. Immigration decreased
 - c. Abundant supplies increased the need for export sources
 - d. Large educational institutions grew in number

4. Why was Galveston vital to the Confederacy?
 - a. Valuable mines
 - b. Large manufacturing plants
 - c. Railroad hub
 - d. If left in Union control, Northern forces could easily sweep into Texas

5. What was the outcome of the Battle of Sabine Pass?
 - a. Union troops drove the Texans back to the mainland
 - b. Texas troops turned back the invading gunboats
 - c. Union troops received reinforcements
 - d. Texas forces surrendered

6. Who was the West Point graduate that led a group of Texans in some of the most important battles of the Civil War?
- a. Jefferson Davis c. Pendleton Murrah
b. Ranald Mackenzie d. John Bell Hood
7. Which Texas governor left office to join the Confederate army?
- a. Richard Coke c. Francis Lubbock
b. James Throckmorton d. Elisha Pease



8. What natural region in Texas is known as one of the flattest areas on the Earth?
- a. Great Plains c. Mountains and Basins
b. Coastal Plains d. North Central Plains

- **Largest city in Texas**
- **Has the fourth-largest population in the United States**
- **Third-largest seaport in the nation**
- **Home to M.D. Anderson Medical Center**

9. All of the above statements describe which of the following cities?
- a. Fort Worth c. Dallas
b. Amarillo d. Houston



10. Where in Texas is this historical landmark?
- a. Austin c. Midland
b. El Paso d. Brownsville

11. What is the highest point in the Mountains and Basins region of Texas?
- a. Pikes Peak
 - b. Guadalupe Peak
 - c. Mount Everest
 - d. Denali
12. Why do some Texans use reservoirs and aquifers for its water?
- a. Desalinization of ocean water is too costly
 - b. Rivers frequently flood
 - c. Few natural lakes
 - d. Distance from ocean
13. How did early settlers change and adapt to the environment of the Piney Woods?
- a. Settlers cut down trees to make room for crops
 - b. Planted crops close to water sources
 - c. Terraced land to keep soil from eroding
 - d. Used steel plows to cut through tough sod
14. Who is the leader of the executive branch of the Texas government?
- a. Mayor
 - b. Governor
 - c. Sheriff
 - d. County Judge

Texas Judicial System



15. What legal body finishes the chart?
- a. Senate
 - b. Department of Health and Human Services
 - c. Municipal Courts
 - d. Texas Education Agency
16. What source of income for schools was created with a two-million-dollar appropriation by the Texas Legislature and the sale of public lands?
- a. General Fund
 - b. Special Revenue Fund
 - c. Capital Projects Fund
 - d. Permanent School Fund

An Ordinance:

To dissolve the union between the State of Texas and the other States, united under the compact styled "The Constitution of the United States of America."

17. How is ordinance defined in this title?
- a. Artillery
 - b. A change made to a law, bill, or document
 - c. A direction or command of an authoritative nature
 - d. A request to have a case heard again before a higher court or judge
18. When was the Ordinance of Secession signed between Texas and the United States?
- a. October 21, 1862
 - b. January 1, 1863
 - c. May 13, 1865
 - d. February 1, 1861
19. Which Southern port was NOT declared to be in insurrection against the United States on April 2, 1863?
- a. New Orleans
 - b. Savannah
 - c. Biloxi
 - d. Charleston
20. Why did the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States state it was involved in the Civil War?
- a. To make the United States economically self-sufficient
 - b. To defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and to preserve the Union
 - c. Over control of the Northwest Territory
 - d. To distribute land to individual owners
21. How were the people who had revolted against the United States to be dealt with if they did not voluntarily become friends?
- a. Payment of land and a mule
 - b. Sentenced to prison
 - c. Evacuated to Oklahoma
 - d. By absolute military power
22. Where did the last land action of the Civil War take place?
- a. Palmito Ranch
 - b. Galveston
 - c. Red River
 - d. Sabine Pass

?

Brig. Gen. James Slaughter

Col. John Salmon (Rip) Ford

23. What title finishes the chart?
- a. Union commanders of the Brownsville area
 - b. Confederate commanders of the Brownsville area
 - c. United States cabinet members
 - d. Texas leaders of Union troops

24. How long did the action last at the Battle of Palmito Ranch?
- a. 18 minutes
 - b. 30 minutes
 - c. 4 hours
 - d. 6 hours
25. When did sectionalism start to become a major issue?
- a. South Carolina wanted to leave the Union over the tariff
 - b. Erie Canal created a water route between New York City and Buffalo, New York
 - c. Monroe Doctrine was signed
 - d. When Missouri applied for statehood
26. Who became the Commanding General of the Union Army after Vicksburg?
- a. William T. Sherman
 - b. Ulysses S. Grant
 - c. George Pickett
 - d. Hiram Rhodes Revels
27. _____ was the first African American Congressional Medal of Honor recipient.
- a. William Carney
 - b. Bose Ikard
 - c. Toussiant L'Ouverture
 - d. John Conyers

April 12, 1861	April 6, 1862	April 25, 1862	September 17, 1862
?	Shiloh	New Orleans	Antietam

28. What battle of the Civil War finishes this timeline?
- a. Bull Run
 - b. Spotsylvania
 - c. Fort Sumter
 - d. Atlanta
29. Which battle turned the tide of the Civil War in favor of the North by splitting the South in two?
- a. Vicksburg
 - b. Cold Harbor
 - c. The Wilderness
 - d. Stones River

***"This dust was once the man,
Gentle, plain, just and resolute, under whose cautious hand,
Against the foulest crime in history known in any land or age,
Was saved the Union of these States."*** - Walt Whitman

30. Who was memorialized in this selection?
- a. Andrew Johnson
 - b. James Buchanan
 - c. John Quincy Adams
 - d. Abraham Lincoln
31. Why did some Northern workers and immigrants oppose slavery?
- a. Decreased the demand for housing
 - b. Contributed capital to the development of business
 - c. Economic threat to them by fearing they would take their jobs
 - d. They took higher paying positions

32. How were plantations able to produce cash crops like rice and tobacco?
- a. Required little to no labor
 - b. Its soil and year-round growing season
 - c. Water sources were sparse
 - d. Creation of hybrid seeds and fertilizer
33. What two problems were especially bad in the South during the Civil War?
- a. Abundant food and money
 - b. Numerous jobs and transportation routes
 - c. Lack of building material and water
 - d. Food shortages and inflation
34. Who wanted to find a way to keep South Carolina from leaving the Union over the issue of tariffs and his answer was the Doctrine of Nullification?
- a. Andrew Jackson
 - b. Daniel Webster
 - c. John C. Calhoun
 - d. Thomas Jefferson
35. Where is the lowest place on the earth's surface?
- a. Dead Sea
 - b. Red Sea
 - c. Mediterranean Sea
 - d. North Sea
36. Which European country's coastline includes many fjords, valleys that are inlets of the sea, that provides sheltered harbors and beautiful scenery that is popular with tourists?
- a. Pakistan
 - b. Norway
 - c. Nicaragua
 - d. Mexico
37. Who is an entrepreneur?
- a. Young worker who learned a trade or skill from a master teacher
 - b. Military ruler
 - c. Person who travels from place to place when extra help is needed to plant or harvest crops
 - d. A person who organizes and operates a business, taking on greater than normal financial risks in order to do so
38. What African nation is the world's largest producer and exporter of gold?
- a. Peru
 - b. Pakistan
 - c. South Africa
 - d. Belgium
39. Who is one of the world's top sugar producers and is located about 90 miles south of Florida?
- a. China
 - b. Cuba
 - c. Portugal
 - d. Ghana
40. What new technological innovation has made the world seem smaller?
- a. Internet
 - b. Telegraph
 - c. Railroad
 - d. Stagecoach

**UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
INVITATIONAL TEST — GRADES 7 & 8**

Answer Key

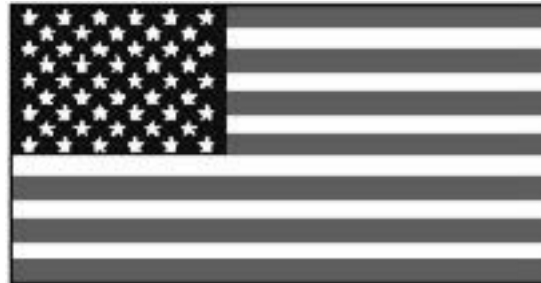
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| 12. C | 32. B |
| 13. A | 33. D |
| 14. B | 34. C |
| 15. C | 35. A |
| 16. D | 36. B |
| 17. C | 37. D |
| 18. D | 38. C |
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FALL/WINTER DISTRICT 2021-2022

A+ ACADEMICS



University Interscholastic League



Social Studies

grades 5 & 6

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UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
FALL/WINTER TEST — GRADES 5 & 6

- **States' rights**
- **Slavery**
- **Defending homeland and way of life**

1. Which side stood for these issues during the Civil War?
- | | |
|----------|-------------------|
| a. North | c. Immigrants |
| b. South | d. Factory owners |

?

Draft new constitutions giving African American men the right to vote
Former Confederate leaders could not vote or hold office
Buildings, roads and bridges were repaired
New railroads were built
System of free education was established

2. What title completes the chart?
- | |
|--|
| a. Northern benefits during the Civil War |
| b. Changes in Texas following the Texas Revolution |
| c. Changes in the South during Reconstruction |
| d. Factory advancements during the Industrial Revolution |
3. The Civil War began on April 12, 1861 when Confederates started firing on which federal fort?
- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| a. Fort McHenry | c. Fort Ticonderoga |
| b. Fort Necessity | d. Fort Sumter |
4. What battle was the single bloodiest day of the entire Civil War?
- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| a. Antietam | c. Atlanta |
| b. Vicksburg | d. New Orleans |
5. Where did Generals Lee and Grant meet to discuss the terms of surrender ending the Civil War?
- | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| a. Savannah | c. Appomattox Court House |
| b. Seven Days | d. Petersburg |
6. What new technology did the Confederacy use to overcome the blockade by the Union?
- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| a. Grenades | c. Airplanes |
| b. Cruisers | d. Submarines |
7. Who was the Civil War photographer that allowed families of soldiers to see the horrors of war?
- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| a. Mathew Brady | c. Clara Barton |
| b. Harriet Tubman | d. Charles Goodnight |

Robert E. Lee

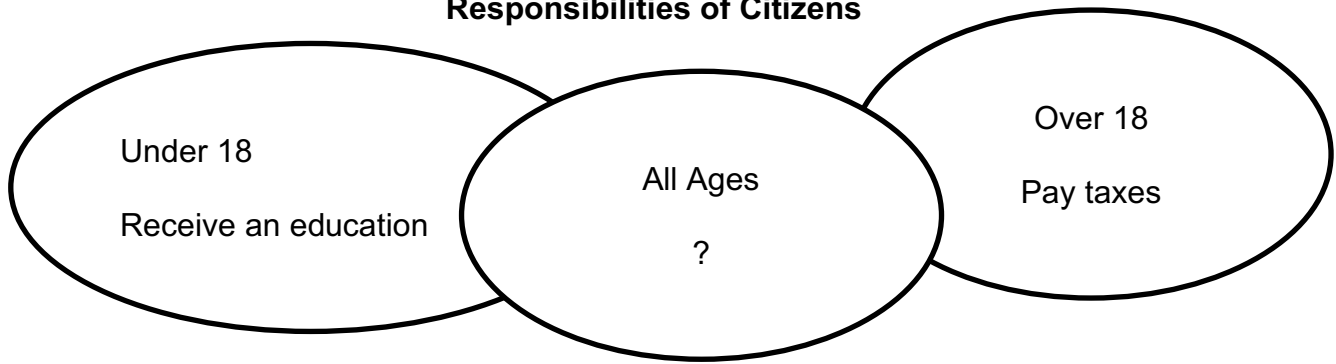
Fought in the Mexican War

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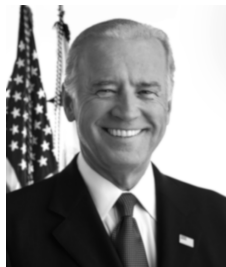
Became the commander of the Confederate army

8. Which statement finishes the chart?
- a. Served as United States Senator from Mississippi
 - b. Turned down Lincoln's offer to command the Union army
 - c. Purchased the Louisiana Territory
 - d. Organized the American Association of the Red Cross
9. Who was elected to the Senate seat that Jefferson Davis held before the Civil War?
- a. Thaddeus Stevens
 - b. Thomas Waterman Wood
 - c. John Mosley
 - d. Hiram Revels
10. What was invented in order to cut through the tough prairie sod?
- a. Combine
 - b. Tractor
 - c. Steel plow
 - d. Hay bailer
11. Who created an invention that enabled people to communicate with others without making personal visits or waiting for the mail to be delivered?
- a. Lewis Latimer
 - b. Alexander Graham Bell
 - c. Thomas Edison
 - d. Cornelius Vanderbilt
- 1- Prices are high. 2- Producers want to increase the supply. 3- More goods push price down. 4- Demand increases. 5- Producer increases supply. 6- Price decreases again. 7- Producer supplies less. 8- Prices increase and demand falls.**
12. What economic term is being described in the chart?
- a. Law of supply and demand
 - b. Favorable balance of trade
 - c. Due process of law
 - d. Open Door Policy
13. Which cash crop was grown on large plantations in the South?
- a. Wheat
 - b. Cotton
 - c. Corn
 - d. Milo

Responsibilities of Citizens



14. What responsibility completes the chart?
- Obey rules and laws
 - Serve on a jury
 - Vote
 - Serve in military



15. Who is the political leader in the picture?
- John Roberts
 - Mitch McConnell
 - Joe Biden
 - Greg Abbott
16. _____ serves as the current Attorney General of the United States.
- Ken Paxton
 - Bob Hall
 - Ron Klain
 - Merrick Garland

“The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.” United States Constitution and Confederate Constitution

17. What is a writ of habeas corpus?
- A law that condemns a person without a trial in court
 - A legal order that protects people from being held in prison or jail without formal charges of a crime
 - A law that would make an act a criminal offense after it was committed
 - A way to give full citizenship to a person of foreign birth
18. How was the term of office different for the President of the Confederacy than the United States President?
- Four years and not elected more than once
 - Two years and not re-eligible
 - Six years and not re-eligible
 - One year and not elected more than twice

19. Why did Abraham Lincoln give an address in Gettysburg?
- a. Battle victory celebration
 - b. Political rally
 - c. July 4 celebration
 - d. Dedicate a cemetery
20. Where was the Gettysburg Address delivered?
- a. Pennsylvania
 - b. Georgia
 - c. Texas
 - d. Mississippi
21. When was the Emancipation Proclamation issued?
- a. September 22, 1862
 - b. April 9, 1865
 - c. April 12, 1861
 - d. November 19, 1863
22. Who issued the Emancipation Proclamation?
- a. Ulysses S. Grant
 - b. Rutherford B. Hayes
 - c. James Buchanan
 - d. Abraham Lincoln



23. Which Amendment to the United States Constitution laid the groundwork for the many civil rights laws that enhanced equality for all Americans?
- a. 15th
 - b. 13th
 - c. 14th
 - d. 20th
24. When was the Thirteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution ratified?
- a. 1870
 - b. 1865
 - c. 1880
 - d. 1860
- **Physical characteristics**
 - **Human systems**
 - **People and places**
 - **Regions**
25. Who uses these elements to study where it is best for a company to build its facilities?
- a. Economists
 - b. Religious leaders
 - c. Educators
 - d. Geographers
26. Which country holds about 25 percent of the world's known oil supply?
- a. Poland
 - b. Costa Rica
 - c. Saudi Arabia
 - d. India
27. Where did inventors and scientists spark the Industrial Revolution and today is still a major industrial and trading country?
- a. Brazil
 - b. United Kingdom
 - c. France
 - d. Bhutan

28. What is a renewable resource?
- Natural resource that is unlimited or that is naturally replenished rather quickly
 - Natural substance that is not replenished with the speed at which it is consumed
 - Plant or animal under the threat of completely dying out
 - Reusing materials instead of throwing them away
29. Which American nation has soil that allows it to grow coffee, cotton, vegetables, fruit and tobacco for export?
- Namibia
 - Pakistan
 - Mexico
 - Sweden
30. Eager to learn about new business methods, China has asked other countries to invest in their businesses. What is the best definition for the word invest?
- Change an economy to rely more on manufacturing and less on farming
 - Process by which grasslands change to desert
 - To move from one place to another
 - To put money into a business
31. Which region has the largest supply of minerals in Russia, including iron ore, uranium, gold, diamonds and coal?
- Siberia
 - Ural
 - Volga
 - Moscow
32. Why are young men moving to cities in Nigeria?
- To grow crops such as yams
 - To find work
 - For housing
 - In search of gold
33. Where do most young people first meet people from other ethnic groups?
- Mall
 - Church
 - Schools
 - Restaurants
34. What has allowed the United States to become a world leader in satellites, computers, health care and many more fields?
- Rocky farmland
 - Few natural resources
 - Harsh climate
 - Quality schools
35. Where did most Civil War battles in Texas take place?
- Along the San Jacinto River
 - Near ports
 - In the Panhandle
 - Along the border with the New Mexico Territory
36. In 1865, what Union general rode through Texas to announce that all enslaved Texans were free under United States law?
- Gordon Granger
 - Richard Coke
 - John Bell Hood
 - Stonewall Jackson

37. _____ is the State Flower of Texas.
- a. Bluebonnet
 - b. Yellow rose
 - c. Daisy
 - d. Carnation



38. What historical landmark honors the heroes of the Texas Revolution and its museum has displays on the history of Texas, Mexico and the Southwest dating back to the days before Columbus arrived in the Americas?
- a. Panhandle-Plains Historical Museum
 - b. San Jacinto Monument
 - c. Blanton Museum
 - d. Ney Museum
39. Why is March 2 considered Texas Independence Day?
- a. Texas defeated Mexican troops at San Jacinto
 - b. Santa Anna surrendered to Texas forces
 - c. Texas leaders wrote a Declaration of Independence from Mexico and signed it on that date
 - d. Texas troops were attacked at Goliad
40. What date is Juneteenth?
- a. June 13
 - b. June 18
 - c. June 15
 - d. June 19

**UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
FALL/WINTER TEST — GRADES 5 & 6**

Answer Key

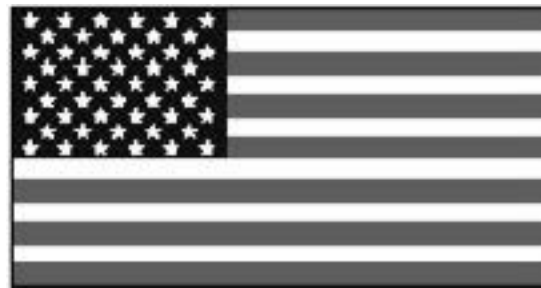
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| 6. D | 26. C |
| 7. A | 27. B |
| 8. B | 28. A |
| 9. D | 29. C |
| 10. C | 30. D |
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| 13. B | 33. C |
| 14. A | 34. D |
| 15. C | 35. B |
| 16. D | 36. A |
| 17. B | 37. A |
| 18. C | 38. B |
| 19. D | 39. C |
| 20. A | 40. D |

FALL/WINTER DISTRICT 2021-2022

A+ ACADEMICS



University Interscholastic League



Social Studies

grades 7 & 8

**DO NOT OPEN TEST
UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO**

UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
FALL/WINTER TEST — GRADES 7 & 8

1. Why did Southerners argue they had the right to ignore tariffs and other federal laws?
 - a. Dawes General Allotment Act
 - b. States' rights
 - c. Cotton Diplomacy
 - d. New Deal

2. What is a tariff?
 - a. Group of soldiers on horseback
 - b. Major crime
 - c. To try to persuade legislators about an issue
 - d. A tax or duty to be paid on a particular class of imports or exports

3. How did Texans deal with the scarcity of goods during the Civil War?
 - a. Industries produced more goods
 - b. Foreign trade decreased
 - c. Made more items by hand
 - d. Increased price of imported goods

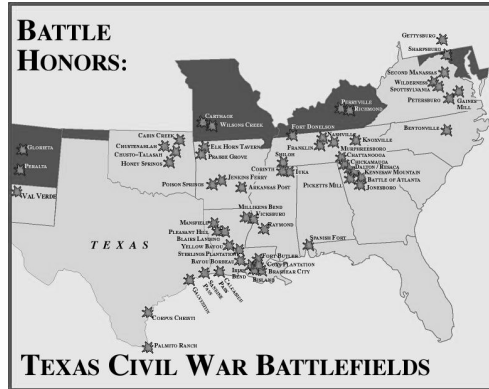
4. What political party was developing in Texas during Congressional Reconstruction?
 - a. Republican
 - b. Libertarian
 - c. Democratic
 - d. Green

?

Only Texan to serve in Confederate cabinet

Postmaster General

5. What title finishes the chart?
 - a. Richard Coke
 - b. Francis Lubbock
 - c. Edward Clark
 - d. John H. Reagan



6. Why was Sabine Pass a strategic location during the Civil War?
 - a. Location of Texas government
 - b. Union planned to go through this site to capture Houston and Galveston
 - c. Major industries were located here
 - d. Contained valuable mines

7. _____ was the second-highest ranking officer in the Confederate army until his death in battle.

a. Albert Sidney Johnston	c. B.F. Terry
b. Samuel Bell Maxey	d. John R. Baylor

8. What natural region in Texas, west of the Pecos River, is dry but has a dramatic landscape?

a. North Central Plains	c. Mountains and Basins
b. Great Plains	d. Coastal Plains



- **Some of the busiest rail yards in the nation**
- **Major processing and transportation center for livestock and farm products**
- **Manufacturing industries that specialize in the manufacture of airplanes, electronic equipment and helicopters**
- **Home to Texas Christian University**

9. All of the above statements describe which of the following cities?

a. Fort Worth	c. Denton
b. Abilene	d. Wichita Falls

10. Where do Alpine and Marfa serve as entrance points to one of the most popular tourist areas in Texas?

a. Padre Island National Park	c. Big Bend National Park
b. Angelina National Forest	d. Caverns of Sonora



11. Which city is home to this historical landmark?
- a. Midland
 - b. San Antonio
 - c. Odessa
 - d. El Paso
12. How have Texans been able to provide water to its homes, farms and industries?
- a. Numerous natural lakes
 - b. Desalinization of ocean water
 - c. Buying water from other states
 - d. Texans built reservoirs and used the state's aquifers
13. What new technology made Texas more appealing to people in cooler climates and increased Sunbelt migration?
- a. Assembly line
 - b. Light bulb
 - c. Air conditioning
 - d. Telephone
- **Make laws**
 - **Propose constitutional amendments**
 - **May bring impeachment charges**
14. Which government officials have these duties and powers?
- a. House of Representatives
 - b. Senate
 - c. County Judge
 - d. Mayor
15. The state of Texas has 254 counties. Each county is divided into four precincts. What are precincts?
- a. Jury that decides if a person accused of a felony should be indicted
 - b. Rule by military authority
 - c. Temporary
 - d. County subdivisions
16. How do local school districts fund their operations?
- a. Sales taxes
 - b. Property taxes
 - c. Endowments
 - d. Income taxes

"the compact styled "The Constitution of the United States of America" be, and is hereby repealed and annulled;"- Texas Ordinance of Secession

17. What is the best definition for the term annulled?
- a. Loyalty
 - b. To form into a legal body
 - c. To join in a secret agreement
 - d. Make of no effect; cancel
18. Where was the Ordinance of Secession signed between Texas and the United States?
- a. Nacogdoches
 - b. Goliad
 - c. Austin City
 - d. Waco
19. What grievance was stated by Texas against the United States in its Ordinance of Secession?
- a. It failed in giving protection either to the people or to their property
 - b. Made alliances with neighboring nations against them
 - c. Taxed Texas people more than other states
 - d. Closed ports in Houston and Brownsville
20. When did the President proclaim that the insurrection had ended in the State of Texas?
- a. September 15, 1863
 - b. April 2, 1866
 - c. July 1, 1862
 - d. November 12, 1864
21. Who was the President of the United States that proclaimed that the insurrection that existed in the State of Texas was at an end?
- a. Ulysses S. Grant
 - b. James Buchanan
 - c. Abraham Lincoln
 - d. Andrew Johnson
22. Why was the Battle of Palmito Ranch important?
- a. Turned the tide of the Civil War in the South
 - b. Occurred more than a month after the surrender of Robert E. Lee
 - c. Bloodiest battle of the Civil War
 - d. First victory in the Civil War for the South
23. How were Confederates able to get supplies into Brownsville?
- a. Land supplies at Bagdad and then transport them 25 miles to Matamoros to be shipped to Brownsville
 - b. Overland from Louisiana
 - c. Down the Sabine River
 - d. Land supplies at Houston and then transport them to San Jacinto to be shipped to Brownsville

24. What was happening at the same time as the Battle of Palmito Ranch?
- Gettysburg Address was being given
 - Emancipation Proclamation was being signed
 - Confederate governors of Arkansas, Louisiana, Missouri and Texas were authorizing Kirby Smith to disband his armies and end the war
 - Thirteenth Amendment was ratified

Development of Sectionalism

North

Mostly agricultural,
industry and commerce

?

Favored tariffs

South

Plantation farming

Slave labor

Opposed tariffs

25. Which source of labor best finishes the chart?
- Children
 - Immigrants
 - Women
 - Elderly

- **Hero in the War with Mexico**
- **United States Senator**
- **President of the Confederacy**

26. All of the above statements describe what political leader?
- Henry Clay
 - Sam Houston
 - Stephen Douglas
 - Jefferson Davis

27. _____ was the first Hispanic American Congressional Medal of Honor recipient.
- Juan Seguin
 - Hector Garcia
 - Philip Bazaar
 - Benito Rodriguez

28. Where were the first shots of the Civil War fired?
- Fort Sumter
 - Vicksburg
 - Bull Run
 - Atlanta

29. What battle dashed the hopes for a Confederate victory in the North?
- Shiloh
 - Stones River
 - Chickamauga
 - Gettysburg

30. Who assassinated Abraham Lincoln?
- a. William Seward
 - b. John Wilkes Booth
 - c. Dr. Samuel Mudd
 - d. Edwin Booth
31. Why did the South develop little industry?
- a. Few natural resources
 - b. Little capital to build industries
 - c. Wealthy planters made great profit on the labor of their slaves from trade
 - d. Lack of energy sources
32. Plantations were self-sufficient. What is the best definition of self-sufficient?
- a. Nearly everything that planters, their families and their workers needed was produced on the plantation
 - b. Refusal to buy certain goods
 - c. Bought goods from a store that sells everything from clothing to furniture to hardware
 - d. Method of production that brought many workers and machines together into one building
33. What two measures did the Union pass to make their economy stronger?
- a. Conscription and established labor unions
 - b. Established the first income tax and issued a new paper currency
 - c. Bonuses for volunteers and increased tariffs on imports
 - d. Enacted a poll tax and reduced government officials pay

"Our Union---next to our liberty, the most dear: may we all remember that it can only be preserved by respecting the rights of the states and distributing equally the benefits and burdens of the Union."

34. At a birthday celebration for Thomas Jefferson, who answered Andrew Jackson's toast with this famous statement on states' rights?
- a. Alexander Hamilton
 - b. Cabot Lowell
 - c. James Monroe
 - d. John C. Calhoun
35. _____ separates the Sinai Peninsula from the rest of Egypt and is one of the world's most important waterways.
- a. Erie Canal
 - b. Panama Canal
 - c. Suez Canal
 - d. Strait of Gibraltar
36. What nation has two large walls of mountains- Karakoram Range and Himalaya- that form its northern border and separate South Asia from the rest of Asia?
- a. India
 - b. Niger
 - c. Chile
 - d. Australia

37. Which river in Germany, is one of Europe's most important waterways, is used to transport raw materials and manufactured goods?
- a. Yellow River
 - b. Danube River
 - c. Nile River
 - d. Amazon River
38. Where in Tanzania do tourists visit a famous wildlife preserve?
- a. Dnieper River
 - b. Taklimakan Desert
 - c. Ellis Island
 - d. Serengeti Plain
39. Which part of Canada has more than 60 percent of its population under the age of 25?
- a. Quebec
 - b. Alberta
 - c. Nunavut
 - d. Northwest Territory
40. What has encouraged Spain and Portugal to work hard to catch up economically with other European nations?
- a. European Union
 - b. Warsaw Pact
 - c. Truman Doctrine
 - d. North Atlantic Treaty Organization

**UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
FALL/WINTER TEST — GRADES 7 & 8**

Answer Key

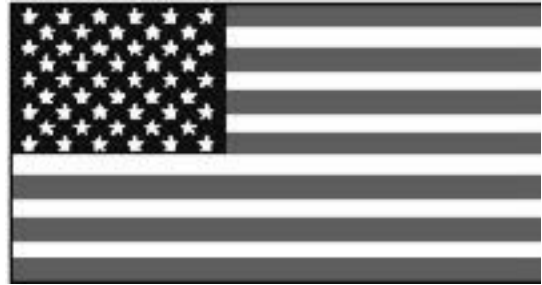
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| 15. D | 35. C |
| 16. B | 36. A |
| 17. D | 37. B |
| 18. C | 38. D |
| 19. A | 39. C |
| 20. B | 40. A |

SPRING DISTRICT 2021-2022

A+ ACADEMICS



University Interscholastic League



Social Studies

grades 5 & 6

**DO NOT OPEN TEST
UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO**

**VERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
SPRING TEST — GRADES 5 & 6**

1. How did sectionalism threaten the United States?
 - a. Industry was trying to move forward too fast bringing corruption to society
 - b. Some thought a large military force was needed
 - c. Way of life in one section was threatening the way of life in the other sections
 - d. Spiritual world was more important than the physical world and that people can find truth within themselves through feeling and intuition

2. Who was the Southern Senator that was a leading voice for state's rights?
 - a. Henry Clay
 - b. John C. Calhoun
 - c. Daniel Webster
 - d. Stephen Douglas

3. How many military districts was the South divided into during Reconstruction?
 - a. 5
 - b. 10
 - c. 15
 - d. 20

4. What description of the Fifteenth Amendment replaces the question mark?

Reconstruction Amendments

Thirteen December, 1865 Declares slavery illegal

Fourteen July, 1868 Declares former slaves to be citizens and guarantees equal protection of the law to all

Fifteen February, 1870 ?

- a. Right of the people to keep and bear arms
 - b. Freedom of speech
 - c. Abolition of poll taxes
 - d. Prevents the denial of the right to vote based on race or previous condition of servitude
-
5. According to the Anaconda Plan, which Southern city did Union troops need to capture to gain control of the Mississippi River in order to weaken the Confederacy?
 - a. Atlanta, Georgia
 - b. Vicksburg, Mississippi
 - c. New Orleans, Louisiana
 - d. Richmond, Virginia

 6. What new technology was used to sink several wooden Union ships?
 - a. Ironclad ships
 - b. Jet planes
 - c. Grenades
 - d. Muskets

7. Which historical figure is known for these achievements?

- **Served as United States Senator from Mississippi**
- **President of the Confederacy during the Civil War**
- **Wrote a book about the Confederate government**

- a. John H. Reagan c. William Carney
b. Thomas Waterman Wood d. Jefferson Davis

8. Which Virginia property owner known for these events replaces the question mark?

?

First major battle of the Civil War was fought on his property in Manassas, Virginia

Reluctantly offered his home for a location for a meeting between Lee and Grant at the end of the Civil War

- a. Charles Marshall c. Wilmer McLean
b. Joseph Hooker d. George Pickett

9. Who was the inventor from Indiana that designed a new kind of steel plow that could cut through the tough prairie sod?

- a. Percy Ebbutt c. Lewis Latimer
b. Nat Love d. James Oliver

10. What new industry led to useful products such as kerosene?

- a. Oil c. Coal
b. Gold d. Timber

11. How is the economic term **demand** defined?

- a. Public funds set aside for a specific purpose
b. A refusal to buy certain goods
c. The willingness and ability of consumers to spend money for goods and services
d. A way of life shared by people with similar arts, beliefs and customs

12. Why did the South feel slavery was needed in the plantation system?

- a. Provide an education for the children
b. Labor source
c. To provide good transportation
d. Serve as law enforcement

13. These are examples of what type of a citizen's responsibilities?

- **Taking care of yourself**
- **Helping your family**
- **Knowing right from wrong**
- **Behaving in a respectful way**

- a. Personal
b. Educational
c. Civic
d. Religious

14. Who is the first woman to serve as the Vice President of the United States?

- a. Elizabeth Warren
b. Shea O'Leary
c. Elena Kagan
d. Kamala Harris

15. _____ is the current Secretary of Transportation.

- a. Dr. Michael Cardona
b. Pete Buttigieg
c. Marcia Fudge
d. Michael Regan



16. Who is the government official in the picture?

- a. Ted Cruz
b. Mitch McConnell
c. John Roberts
d. Greg Abbott

17. Which Amendment did Congress require former Confederate states to ratify as a condition of regaining federal representation?

- a. 13th
b. 20th
c. 16th
d. 26th

18. What does the term **naturalized** mean?

“All persons born or naturalized in the United States”- 14th Amendment

- a. A native-born American who wanted to eliminate foreign influence
b. A way to give full citizenship to a person born in another country
c. A country that agrees to help another country achieve a common goal
d. A journalist who exposed corruption in American society

19. How many witnesses did both the United States and the Confederate Constitutions require to testify to the overt act of treason?

- a. One
- b. Six
- c. Four
- d. Two

20. No _____ shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the Confederate or the United States Constitutions.

- a. Proof of financial stability
- b. Loyalty oath
- c. Religious test
- d. Health exam

21. These states were members of what group?

?

South Carolina-Georgia-Florida-Alabama-Mississippi-Louisiana-Texas

- a. South American countries
- b. Confederate states
- c. English colonies
- d. Dutch ports

22. Who delivered the Gettysburg Address?

- a. Edward Everett
- b. Colonel Alexander Bliss
- c. Abraham Lincoln
- d. George Bancroft

23. What power of the presidency gave Abraham Lincoln the authority to issue the Emancipation Proclamation?

- a. Legislative leader
- b. Head of a political party
- c. Chief Justice
- d. Commander-in-chief

24. When was the Emancipation Proclamation to go into effect?

- a. January 1, 1863
- b. March 2, 1863
- c. November 19, 1863
- d. January 7, 1865

25. What is the main force driving globalization today?

- a. Lack of leadership
- b. Need for capital
- c. Search for cheap labor
- d. Decreased transportation hubs

26. Which country is a leading producer of phosphates in Africa?

- a. Afghanistan
- b. Morocco
- c. Portugal
- d. Ecuador

27. What area in Germany that developed around rich deposits of coal and iron ore ranks as one of the world's most important industrial centers?

- a. Ruhr
- b. Montenegro
- c. Bavaria
- d. Siberia

28. Where are the largest areas of remaining rain forest in the world?
- a. Congo
 - b. China
 - c. Netherlands
 - d. Brazil

29. These are examples of what type of natural resources?

- **Crude oil**
- **Coal**
- **Uranium**
- **Natural gas**

- a. Nonrenewable
- b. Human
- c. Renewable
- d. Conservation

30. Which nation uses geothermal energy, or heat produced by natural underground sources, to heat most of their homes, buildings and swimming pools?

- a. Chad
- b. Iceland
- c. Crete
- d. Chile

31. What economic activity replaces the question mark?

Resources of Indonesia

Large resources of oil and natural gas ?

Dense rain forces provide teak and other woods

- a. Is an archipelago
- b. Wealth comes largely from high-tech companies
- c. Second largest food exporter in the world
- d. Mines yield tin, silver, nickel and gold

32 Kenya has a developing economy based on a free enterprise system. What is a free enterprise system?

- a. Economic system which advocated the elimination of private property
- b. Economic system in which many businesses are owned and run by the government
- c. Economic system that operates on free competition, in which people start and own businesses, with limited government intervention
- d. System in which a lord gave land to a noble to work, govern and defend, in return for the noble's loyalty

33. Which American country is known for fertile farmland, rich natural resources and skilled workers?

- a. France
- b. Canada
- c. Liberia
- d. Korea

34. How have Europeans begun to realize that problems like water pollution and growing greenhouse gas can be overcome?
- a. Increased contact among peoples
 - b. Decreased use of nuclear fuels
 - c. Fewer water safety laws
 - d. Increased use of lead pipes

35. Who primarily performed these duties during the Civil War in Texas?

- * **Made uniforms, tents, blankets and bandages**
- * **Worked in hospitals**

- a. College professors
- b. Business owners
- c. Women
- d. Salvation Army

36. What did the United States government set up in Texas to help African Americans find jobs and homes and opened up schools?

- a. Institute of Texan Culture
- b. Texas Medical Center
- c. Mission Control Center
- d. Freedmen's Bureau

37. _____ is the State Bird of Texas.

- a. Cardinal
- b. Grackles
- c. Blue jay
- d. Mockingbird



38. What historical landmark, founded in 1718, was the site of the Battle of the Alamo?

- a. San Jose y San Miguel de Aguayo
- b. San Francisco de la Espada
- c. San Antonio de Valero
- d. San Juan Capistrano

39. What event that occurred on June 19, 1865 is now celebrated as a federal holiday?

- a. It was announced that all enslaved Texans were free under United States law
- b. Defeat of Mexican forces at San Jacinto
- c. Texas became a State in the United States
- d. Sam Houston is named commander of the Texas forces during the Texas Revolution

40. When was the Texas Declaration of Independence signed?

- a. April 21, 1836
- b. March 2, 1836
- c. March 6, 1836
- d. October 2, 1835

**UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
SPRING DISTRICT — GRADES 5 & 6**

Answer Key

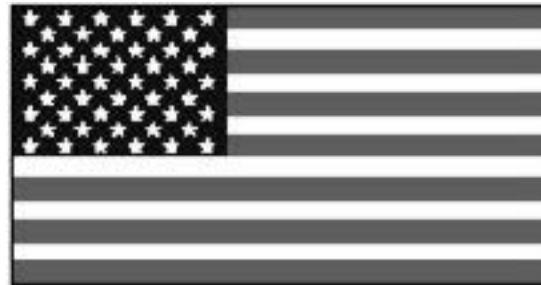
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| 3. A | 23. D |
| 4. D | 24. A |
| 5. B | 25. C |
| 6. A | 26. B |
| 7. D | 27. A |
| 8. C | 28. D |
| 9. D | 29. A |
| 10. A | 30. B |
| 11. C | 31. D |
| 12. B | 32. C |
| 13. A | 33. B |
| 14. D | 34. A |
| 15. B | 35. C |
| 16. C | 36. D |
| 17. A | 37. D |
| 18. B | 38. C |
| 19. D | 39. A |
| 20. C | 40. B |

SPRING DISTRICT 2021-2022

A+ ACADEMICS



University Interscholastic League



Social Studies

grades 7 & 8

**DO NOT OPEN TEST
UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO**

UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
SPRING TEST — GRADES 7 & 8

1. How is states' rights defined?
 - a. Economic principle that states that if supply is greater than demand, prices fall, but if demand is greater than supply, prices rise
 - b. The interdependence of the nations of the world that has been created as goods, ideas, and people move across the globe
 - c. Rights held by states that place limits on the implied powers of the federal government over state governments
 - d. Formal joining of one political region to another

2. Why did the North want to increase tariffs?
 - a. Safeguard farms
 - b. To protect its industries
 - c. To decrease immigration
 - d. Lower the national debt

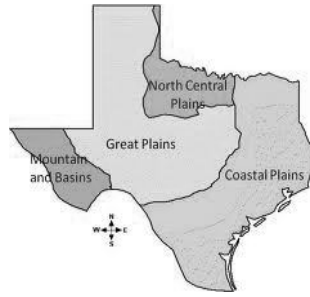
3. How did the Civil War affect the economy of Texas?
 - a. Expanded Industries increased the variety of products
 - b. New transportation routes prevented a disruption in trade
 - c. Provided new sources for products
 - d. Naval blockade prevented trade causing hardship

4. What were some of the social effects of Reconstruction on Texas?
 - a. Improved education, civil rights and positions of political power for African Americans
 - b. Decreased number of industrial jobs
 - c. Fewer colleges and universities
 - d. Religious movement spread throughout the state

5. Why did some Confederate forces continue to fight after Lee's surrender?
 - a. Increased migration from the North
 - b. Thought winning the war was still possible
 - c. Because of an agreement with Great Britain
 - d. To obtain mineral resources in Texas

6. _____ was elected Governor of Texas in 1861 only to join the Confederate army in 1863.
 - a. Francis Lubbock
 - b. James Throckmorton
 - c. Richard Coke
 - d. Elisha Pease

7. Who received a special medal for his actions in the Confederate victory at Sabine Pass?
 - a. Lawrence Ross
 - b. Felix Robertson
 - c. John Wharton
 - d. Dick Dowling



8. Which natural region includes the Neches, Sabine and Trinity Rivers as well as Toledo Bend and Sam Rayburn Reservoirs?
- Great Plains
 - Mountains and Basins
 - Coastal Plains
 - North Central Plains
9. What noticeable feature in the Great Plains is a hard bed of rock below the soil?
- Caprock
 - Davis Mountains
 - Hueco Tanks State Historical Park
 - Spindletop Hill
10. Which ranch is the largest one on the South Texas Plain, stretching for more than 1 million acres?
- XIT Ranch
 - Circle L Ranch
 - JA Ranch
 - King Ranch
11. What city replaces the question mark?

?
Military bases Trade with Mexico boosts its economy
One of the largest cities in Texas

- Austin
- El Paso
- Fort Worth
- Midland

12. What action did Olmsted suggest Texans take to modify the environment?

“These bottom lands bordering the Trinity River are among the richest in Texas... High up, in the region of the Forks of the Trinity, are lands equally suitable to cotton, wheat and corn.”
Frederick Law Olmsted, Journey through Texas

- Build industry
- Construct fewer homes
- Farm the land
- Build highways

13. Which new technology helped increase ranching and farming in dry West Texas?

- Solar farms
- Looms
- Metal fence posts
- Windmills

20. How was the term **writ of habeas corpus** defined in this selection?

“the rebellion was declared to be still existing, and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus was in certain cases suspended throughout the United States” Proclamation of the 15th of September, 1863

- a. Grant nationality
- b. A law that required men to serve in the military or be drafted
- c. To bring a prisoner or other detainee before the court to determine if a person’s imprisonment or detention is lawful
- d. Protected a family’s home and up to 50 acres of land from seizure for debts

21. According to the Proclamation dated April 2, 1866, what was the only state where there was armed resistance to the authority of the United States?

- a. Pennsylvania
- b. Texas
- c. Virginia
- d. California

22. Who was to ratify the Texas Ordinance of Secession for it to take effect?

- a. Texas Senate
- b. Governor of Texas
- c. People of Texas
- d. Only citizens of Austin

23. Which District of Texas was to hold their election on the Ordinance of Secession on February 19, 1861?

- a. El Paso
- b. Goliad
- c. Nacogdoches
- d. Victoria

24. When, if ratified, would the Texas Ordinance of Secession take effect and be in force?

- a. February 23, 1861
- b. March 30, 1861
- c. February 19, 1861
- d. March 2, 1861

25. What is sectionalism?

- a. The placing of the interests of one’s own region ahead of the interests of the nation as a whole
- b. Seeking to return control of the government to the people, to restore economic opportunities and to correct injustices in American life
- c. Belief that government should be based on the consent of the people
- d. The policy by which stronger nations extend their economic, political or military control over weaker nations or territories

26. What elected office replaces the question mark about Ulysses S. Grant?

Ulysses S. Grant
Commanding General of the Union Army ?

- a. Senator from Ohio
- b. President of the United States
- c. Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
- d. President of the Confederacy

27. Why might Lincoln have been disappointed after the Union victory at Gettysburg?
- Lee was able to furnish his troops with shoes from a store in Gettysburg
 - Union fleet was sunk
 - Because General Meade did not finish off the army of General Lee
 - Southern troops cut off supplies to the Union forces
28. What was the last major Confederate stronghold on the Mississippi River?
- Stones River
 - Shiloh
 - Chickamauga
 - Vicksburg
29. Where was Abraham Lincoln assassinated?
- Library of Congress
 - Ford's Theatre
 - Smithsonian Institute
 - Adams House
30. Who are sharecroppers?
- Farmers who lacked land and necessary supplies and they promised a large part of the crop to the landowner in exchange for these items
 - People who rent land to grow crops
 - Oil operators who worked on their own in search of new fields
 - One who herds or cares for livestock on the range
31. Starting in the 1660s, why did planters turn to slavery to work the plantations?
- Immigrants came in large numbers
 - Children were no longer needed to work for families to be able to pay rent and buy food
 - Indentured white servants started to leave the plantations
 - Elderly refused to work in the fields
32. Where did these actions cause the most severe food shortages?
- **Many farmers were fighting**
 - **Trains were used to carry war materials**
 - **Army seized food and other supplies for its own needs**
- North
 - Midwest
 - West
 - South
33. How did the North deal with the problem of inflation?
- People took advantage of wartime demand and sold goods for high prices
 - Sold goods to Europe at lower prices
 - Instituted a rebate program for goods sold
 - Lower taxes
34. Which debate in the United States Senate over the Doctrine of Nullification is considered one of the greatest debates in American history?
- Lincoln-Douglas Debate
 - Webster-Hayne Debate
 - Kennedy-Nixon Debate
 - Jefferson-Hamilton Debate

35. What is the location of these bodies of water that replaces the question mark?

Bosporus	? Sea of Marmara	Dardanelles
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- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| a. Water sources in Brazil | c. Important waterways in Turkey |
| b. Called the African Straits | d. Largest water sources in Australia |

36. Where is Mount Everest, the highest mountain in the world, which attracts thousands of climbers and hikers each year?

- | | |
|------------|----------|
| a. Chile | c. Congo |
| b. Belgium | d. Nepal |

37. What tiny country lies within the Italian “boot”?

- | | |
|---------------|-----------|
| a. Cyprus | c. Crete |
| b. San Marino | d. Belize |

38. Which African nation is one of the world’s major oil-producing countries while more than one-third of its people lack jobs and live in poverty?

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| a. Ecuador | c. Nigeria |
| b. Luxembourg | d. Pakistan |

39. What North American Free Trade Agreement nation has cheap labor that could encourage many manufacturers to move their businesses there?

- | | |
|-------------|------------------|
| a. Canada | c. United States |
| b. Columbia | d. Mexico |

40. Which people, who were nomads raising camels and other livestock, have been forced to settle on farms that engineers have made profitable by a large irrigation and shipping canal?

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------|
| a. Turkmenistan | c. France |
| b. Siberia | d. Cuba |

**UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE
2021-22 A+ SOCIAL STUDIES
SPRING DISTRICT — GRADES 7 & 8**

Answer Key

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1. C | 21. B |
| 2. B | 22. C |
| 3. D | 23. A |
| 4. A | 24. D |
| 5. B | 25. A |
| 6. A | 26. B |
| 7. D | 27. C |
| 8. C | 28. D |
| 9. A | 29. B |
| 10. D | 30. A |
| 11. B | 31. C |
| 12. C | 32. D |
| 13. D | 33. A |
| 14. A | 34. B |
| 15. B | 35. C |
| 16. C | 36. D |
| 17. B | 37. B |
| 18. A | 38. C |
| 19. D | 39. D |
| 20. C | 40. A |