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Chambers may set the agenda of their docket. Legislation does not belong to the chamber until it has first been introduced by the author or sponsor. School authorship is designated.



### A Bill to Subsidize the Development of Anaerobic Digestion Facilities in The United States

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- 2 **SECTION 1**. The United States shall provide additional governmental subsidies to
- farms, valued at 2 billion dollars, to encourage the production and
- 4 establishment of new Anaerobic Digestion facilities.
- 5 **SECTION 2**. "Anaerobic Digestion facilities" shall refer to tanks that use
- 6 microorganisms to break down biodegradable material in the absence of
- oxygen, resulting in the production of natural gas and digestate.
  - **SECTION 3.** Grants will be managed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture's
- 9 Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), and the USDA's Rural
- 10 Energy for America Program (REAP). These agencies shall provide grants
- not to exceed 80% of the total cost of Anaerobic digestion plants. These
- subsidies shall be used for the creation of 2,000 new plants, with
- a maximum grant of 1.5 million dollars per facility.
- 14 **SECTION 4.** This Bill will go into effect January 1, 2026.

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SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Cedar Park High School.



# A Resolution to Develop a National Strategy for Utilizing Microreactors to Enhance Natural Disaster Response Efforts

1	WHEREAS,	Natural disasters frequently cause significant loss of life, property, and
2		disrupt essential services; and
3	WHEREAS,	The current reliance on diesel generators for emergency power during
4		such events is limited by environmental impact, logistical challenges, and
5		inefficiencies; and
6	WHEREAS,	Microreactors offer a cleaner, more reliable, and portable energy
7		solution that can significantly improve disaster response efforts by
8		providing consistent power to critical infrastructure and services; and
9	WHEREAS,	Adopting microreactors could reduce greenhouse gas emissions, ease
10		logistical issues related to refueling, and enhance the overall
11		effectiveness of disaster response operations; now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled recommend the Secretary of
13		Energy develop a comprehensive national strategy for deploying
14		microreactors in natural disaster response efforts, including evaluation of
15		current diesel generator use, regulatory recommendations, and logistical
16		planning; and, be it
17	FURTHER RES	<b>OLVED,</b> That the strategy should be submitted to Congress within one year
18		and include detailed plans for the deployment, maintenance, and
19		integration of microreactors to maximize their effectiveness during
20		emergencies.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Lexington High School.



### A Bill to Establish an Inspections Regime for the Bureau of Prisons to Improve Accountability and Conditions

	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED	THAT:
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- SECTION 1. A comprehensive inspections regime will be established for the Bureau of
  Prisons to oversee and improve the conditions and operations of federal
  correctional facilities.
- 5 **SECTION 2**. For the purposes of this bill:
- A. Bureau: Refers to the Bureau of Prisons,
- B. Inspection: An evaluation conducted to assess the conditions, policies, and operations of a covered facility.
- The Inspector General of the Department of Justice will oversee the **SECTION 3.** 9 enforcement of this bill, conducting regular and unannounced 10 inspections, producing reports with recommendations, and monitoring 11 the implementation of corrective actions by the Bureau. Failure to 12 comply with the recommendations made following an inspection will 13 result in a penalty that includes a financial penalty up to \$500,000 per 14 violation, and potential closure of the facility if the non-compliance is 15 severe and not rectified within 90 days after receiving a final warning. 16
- The bill will take effect 90 days after necessary funding and resources are allocated to the Inspector General's office and the Department of Justice.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

  Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Lexington High School.



### A Bill to Abolish the TSA

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) shall be abolished, and
3		airport security screening shall be replaced with the use of guard-
4		monitored metal detectors at all airport checkpoints. A new federal Sky
5		Police Agency shall be created to provide in-flight security by placing at
6		least one officer on every commercial flight.
7	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this bill:
8		A. Transportation Security Administration (TSA): A federal agency
9		established in 2001 to oversee and implement airport and
10		transportation security measures.
11		B. Sky Police Agency: A newly established federal law enforcement
12		agency responsible for maintaining security on all commercial flights.
13	SECTION 3.	The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) shall require all airports to
14		install and operate metal detectors at all security checkpoints. The Sky
15		Police Agency shall be housed in the FAA, and it will employ trained,
16		armed officers who will be deployed on all commercial flights.
17	SECTION 4.	This bill should go into effect 180 days after passage.
18	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Dripping Springs High School.



#### A Bill to Ban Microtransactions in Video Games

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All video games rated below 17+ shall be prohibited from including
3		microtransactions or in-app purchases.
4	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this bill:
5		A. Microtransactions: Small financial transactions made within a video
6		game, allowing players to purchase virtual goods, enhancements, or
7		currency.
8		B. In-App Purchases: Any purchase of digital content, features, or
9		services made within a game or application.
10		C. 17+: A rating set by the Entertainment Software Rating Board (ESRB)
11		indicating that a game is for adults. Games with ratings "E for
12		Everyone," "E10+," or "T for Teen" are generally suitable for players
13		under the age of 17.
14	SECTION 3.	The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) shall be responsible for monitoring
15		compliance with this law and investigating complaints related to
16		violations.
17		A. Game developers and platforms found in violation will be subject to a
18		penalty of \$10,000 to \$100,000 per violation.
19		B. Platforms, like app stores, shall be required to remove offending
20		games from their platforms until compliant.
21	SECTION 4.	This bill shall go into effect 90 days after passage.
22	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Dripping Springs High School.



### A Bill to Limit the Use of Cash Bail

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The use of cash bail shall be prohibited for defendants whose income is
3		below 200% of the poverty line and/or whose net worth is less than
4		\$50,000. For defendants whose income and net worth exceed these
5		thresholds, bail shall not exceed 10% of their gross annual income.
6	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this bill:
7		A. Cash Bail: A monetary deposit required by the court to ensure a
8		defendant's appearance at future court dates.
9		B. Poverty Line: The minimum income necessary to avoid being
10		considered impoverished, as defined by the U.S. Department of
11		Health and Human Services.
12	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice (DOJ) shall provide guidance and oversight to
13		ensure compliance with this law. Non-compliance by courts will be
14		addressed through corrective measures and potential sanctions as
15		deemed appropriate by the DOJ.
16	SECTION 4.	This bill shall go into effect 180 days after passage.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	IIII Congressional Debate by Drinning Springs High School



## A Resolution to End the Use of Direct-to-Consumer Genetic Testing Services in Criminal Investigations

1	WHEREAS,	Law enforcement often uses direct-to-consumer (DTC) genetic testing
2		service results in criminal investigation; and
3	WHEREAS,	The unwarranted use of DTC genetic testing service results constitutes a
4		violation of health privacy rights for over 26 million Americans; and
5	WHEREAS,	Under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
6		individuals have the right to privacy with regard to their medical records
7		and other individually identifiable health information; and
8	WHEREAS,	The Fourth Amendment requires law enforcement to obtain a warrant
9		prior to conducting a search; now, therefore, be it
10	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled require law enforcement to obtain
11		a search warrant prior to conducting DNA searches through DTC genetic
12		testing services; and, be it
13	FURTHER RES	<b>SOLVED,</b> That the warrant applies only to the DNA of a specific individual
14		for which law enforcement has successfully proven probable cause.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Westlake High School.



## A Bill to Reinvest American Tariffs to Support Domestic Industry and Output

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All revenue generated from tariffs imposed by the United States
3		government shall be exclusively allocated towards supporting and
4		developing domestic industries that produce goods similar to those being
5		imported.
6	SECTION 2.	The Department of Commerce shall define and determine specific
7		categories of "similar products" for the purposes of this legislation. These
8		categories shall be narrowly defined to include specific industries such as
9		electric vehicles, steel, textiles, or electronics.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Commerce, in order to ensure compliance and
11		prevent misuse of funds, shall oversee the enforcement of this legislation
12		through:
13		A. Biannual internal audits conducted by the Office of the Secretary of
14		Commerce; and
15		B. Annual reports submitted to Congress by the Office of the Inspector
16		General.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect beginning in Fiscal Year 2025.
18	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Lake Travis High School.



### A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Require a National Popular Vote for Constitutional Amendments

BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 1 RESOLVED. By two-thirds of the UIL Congress here assembled, that the following 2 article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United 3 States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the 4 Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the 5 several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the 6 Congress: 7 ARTICLE --8 Constitutional amendments passed by Congress shall be ratified not by **SECTION 1**: 9 the legislatures of three fourths of the several states, but by a vote of two 10 thirds of the people in a singular national popular vote. 11 The process for ratification of Constitutional Amendments shall be 12 **SECTION 2**: administered by an independent agency, to be known as the Amendment 13 Ratification Commission. This Commission shall be composed of the Chief 14 Judges of the several Courts of Appeals. 15 All citizens of the United States who are eligible to vote in federal **SECTION 3**: 16 elections shall be entitled to one in the vote for ratification. 17 SECTION 4: The results of the vote shall be binding and take effect immediately upon 18 certification by the Amendment Ratification Commission that the 19 amendment has received the required two-thirds majority of votes cast. 20 Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Lake Travis High School.



### The Academic Liberation of Youth (A.L.Y.) Act

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The National Guard is prohibited from entering the campus of any college
3		or university.
4	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this legislation, "college or university" refers to any
5		accredited institution of higher education that grants degrees at the
6		associate level or higher. "Entering the campus" shall be defined as any
7		active-duty presence of National Guard personnel, vehicles, or equipment
8		within the geographical boundaries of the institution's owned land.
9	SECTION 3.	Any violation of this Act shall result in a congressional hearing to
10		determine appropriate disciplinary actions, which may include but are not
11		limited to formal reprimands or budget reductions for the National
12		Guard.

- 13 **SECTION 4.** This Act shall take effect immediately upon passage.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

  Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Lake Travis High School.



# A Bill to Mandate the Use of Permeable, Pervious, and Porous Pavements to Prevent Flooding and Reduce Water Pollution

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States shall mandate the use of permeable, pervious, and
3		porous pavement for all federally funded construction activities.
4	SECTION 2.	For the purpose of this bill:
5		A. 'Permeable pavement' shall be defined as paver stones with gravel in
6		between that drain water slowly (out of all methods).
7		B. 'Pervious pavement' shall be defined as asphalt with voids inside that
8		drain water well (out of all methods).
9		C. 'Porous pavement' shall be defined as concrete and gravel grids that
10		drain water the fastest (out of all methods).
11	SECTION 3.	The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in conjunction with the
12		Department of Transportation (DOT) will oversee the enforcement of this
13		bill.
14		A. This bill will assign the EPA and the DOT with the responsibility of
15		levying a fine of up to \$10,000 USD per violation of the above clauses
16		by federal contractors working on federally funded infrastructure
17		projects.
18	SECTION 4.	This bill will take effect on January 1st, 2026.
19	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Hendrickson High School.



# A Bill to Prohibit the Use of Artificial Intelligence in Policing to End Bias and Discrimination

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States will prohibit the usage of Artificial Intelligence in
3		policing measures throughout federal, state, and local law enforcement
4		agencies. Al poses a threat to perpetuate biases and perpetuate
5		discrimination against minority groups within the United States.
6	SECTION 2.	Artificial intelligence is defined as the theory and development of
7		computer systems able to perform tasks that normally require human
8		intelligence, such as visual perception, speech recognition, decision-
9		making, and translation between languages.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice (D.O.J.) in conjunction with state governments
11		will oversee enforcement of this bill.
12		A. The D.O.J. will have the power to levy a fine of up to \$15,000 for
13		noncompliance to the respective department.
14	SECTION 4.	This bill will take effect immediately upon passage.
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Hendrickson High School.



# A Resolution to Accede to the Mangrove Alliance for Climate to Protect Domestic Mangroves

1	WHEREAS,	We see more hurricanes in the Atlantic during hurricane season reaching
2		category three, category four and category five compared to hurricane
3		seasons 4 decades years ago; and
4	WHEREAS,	During Hurricane Irma, mangroves reduced annual flood risk by 25.5% to
5		properties behind them; and
6	WHEREAS,	Mangroves averted approximately \$1.5 billion in storm damages,
7		protecting more than 626,000 people across Florida; and
8	WHEREAS,	Mangrove loss rates have plummeted 73 percent globally since 2000,
9		while Florida has lost much of the mangrove forests that once bordered
10		its coasts and estuaries to development and sea-level rise; and
11	WHEREAS,	Approximately 1,500,000 people from Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana
12		were forced to leave their homes due to Hurricane Katrina; now,
13		therefore, be it
14	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following
15		recommendation for the United States to accede to the Mangrove
16		Alliance for Climate; and, be it
17 <b>FURTHER RESOLVED,</b> That the Mangrove Alliance for Climate seeks to scale up,		
18		accelerate conservation, restoration and growing plantation efforts of
19		mangrove ecosystems for the benefit of communities globally, and
20		recognize the importance of these ecosystems for climate change
21		mitigation and adaption. Specifically, members commit to plant,
22		rehabilitate and restore mangroves within their country; as well as
23		support others to do the same.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Hendrickson High School.



### A Bill to Sanction Bangladesh for Human Rights Violations

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	The United States shall impose economic and political sanctions on	
3		Bangladesh for its continued human rights violations, including trade	
4		restrictions and freezing of assets of Bangladeshi officials responsible for	
5		abuses.	
6	SECTION 2.	"Sanctions" are defined as penalties including but not limited to,	
7		restricting access to U.S. financial systems, freezing assets, and limiting	
8		trade relations.	
9	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of the Treasury in coordination with the U.S.	
10		Department of State, will oversee enforcement of these sanctions.	
11		Specific mechanisms will include blocking financial transactions with	
12		sanctioned individuals and enforcing trade restrictions	
13	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2025.	
14	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by James Bowie High School.



### A Bill to Withdraw Tactical Nuclear Weapons from Europe

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	The Department of Defense will remove all tactical nuclear weapons from	
3		Europe to U.S. military bases in U.S. Territories.	
4	SECTION 2.	Tactical nuclear weapons shall be defined as nonstrategic nuclear	
5		weapons that have a yield of a fraction of kiloton to 50 kilotons and can	
6		be deployed in multiple formats from short range missiles to gravity	
7		bombs to surface to air missiles or torpedoes.	
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Defense will move the weapons to bases that would	
9		allow them to be repurposed for the defense of the United States and its	
10		allies. The weapons themselves can be,	
11		A. Updated technologically and placed in the United States territories or	
12		naval ships or submarines.	
13		B. Disposed of by securing the nuclear material and storing in an	
14		appropriate manner for fission material.	
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect January 1, 2026.	
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by James Bowie High School.



#### **Sex – Inclusive Selective Service Act**

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. The Sex Inclusive Selective Service Act will require all citizens of the U.S.
- to register for the selective service by the age of 18
- 4 **SECTION 2**. The Selective Service System (SSS) is an autonomous agency within the
- 5 United States federal government tasked with keeping records of U.S.
- citizens and residents who may be liable for military conscription,
- 7 commonly known as the draft.
- 8 **SECTION 3.** The Selective Service System will oversee the bill's enforcement and
- 9 amend its registration requirements to include all sexes.
- 10 **SECTION 4.** This act will be implemented at the start of FY 2026.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

  Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by James Bowie High School.