



2024-2025

ESC 18 6A Congress Legislation

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Chambers may set the agenda of their docket. Legislation does not belong to the chamber until it has first been introduced by the author or sponsor. School authorship is designated.



A Bill to Ban Diabetes Medication Use for Cosmetic Purposes to Decrease Medication Costs and Increase Accessibility for Diabetic Needs

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States federal government shall ban the use of Diabetes medicines
3 for weight loss and/or cosmetic purposes instead of using FDA-approved weight
4 loss drugs

5 **SECTION 2.** For the purposes of this bill:

6 A. Diabetes medication shall be defined as FDA-approved drugs used to treat
7 diabetes mellitus by decreasing glucose levels in the blood. This includes but
8 is not limited to Ozempic, Mounjaro, and Trulicity.

9 B. Cosmetic purposes shall be defined as an action for the purpose of
10 beautifying, preserving, or conferring comeliness which includes but is not
11 limited to weight loss.

12 **SECTION 3.** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) shall oversee the implementation of
13 this bill. A. Individual states shall oversee the punishment given. B. Any disputed
14 claims shall be determined by individual states.

15 **SECTION 4.** If a physician is charged with administering a prescription of diabetic medication
16 instead of weight loss medication, he or she will have his or her medical license
17 suspended for 28 days.

18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Clerk.

We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and its subject matter is approved by school administration.



A Resolution to Honor One Voice, One Vote

- 1 **WHEREAS,** The electoral college discredits one voice, one vote; and
- 2 **WHEREAS,** “Winner take all states” discourage voting and create a tyranny of the
3 majority situation; and
- 4 **WHEREAS,** Upholding the current system furthers voice inequality by catering to
5 large voting blocs instead of individual voters; and
- 6 **WHEREAS,** the status quo electoral college harms the sanctity of democracy, and
7 thus must be abolished; now, therefore, be it
- 8 **RESOLVED,** That the UIL Congress here assembled propose a ballot initiative to
9 amend the constitution to abolish the electoral college.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Clerk.



A Bill to Place Cameras in the Supreme Court to Ensure Transparency

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** In order to ensure transparency, cameras shall be placed in the Supreme Court,
3 allowing them to broadcast and record.

4 **SECTION 2.** Cameras shall refer to broadcasting equipment. Broadcast/record refers to the
5 live footage available to the general public.

6 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice and the Supreme Court of the United States shall
7 work in conjunction in order to implement this bill.

8 A. The cameras shall be placed in a manner that should not disrupt the
9 workings of the court

10 B. The recordings shall be available to the public through government websites
11 within 24 hours of the proceedings.

12 C. The Department of Justice shall establish guidelines for public access.

13 D. The Department of Justice will maintain and archive the footage.

14 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025.

15 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Clerk.



A Bill to Reform Campaign Finance and Limit Corporate Donations

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Be it found by UIL Congress that Corporations and PACS are negatively
3 influencing Congress by not having donation limits to political campaigns. PACs
4 and corporations shall be limited to donating a maximum of \$5,000 per election
5 cycle to any federal candidate, political party, or political committee.

6 **SECTION 2.** PAC: A "PAC" refers to any political action committee registered with the
7 Federal Election Commission (FEC). Corporation: For this bill, "corporation"
8 includes any for-profit entity, whether publicly traded or privately held.

9 **SECTION 3.** The FEC shall audit campaign finance reports regularly to ensure compliance.
10 Violations shall result in 12 fines proportional to the excess donation amount:
11 First offense: 200% of the excess donation.

12 A. Subsequent offenses: 500% of the excess donation. Corporations found in
13 violation may also face additional penalties, such as loss of government
14 contracts or tax benefits.

15 **SECTION 4.** This policy shall take effect immediately upon passage. Within 90 days of
16 enactment, the 18 FEC shall provide guidelines to candidates, parties, and
17 committees regarding the new donation limits. Corporations shall report all
18 political donations exceeding \$1,000 to the FEC within 30 days of donating.

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Odessa High School.

We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and its subject matter is approved by school administration.



A Bill to Provide Permanent Funding to Free School Breakfast and Lunch for All Students

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** During the COVID Pandemic many school districts used the provided ESSER
3 funding to offer free breakfast and lunch to all students regardless of
4 personal financial need.

5 **SECTION 2.** The success of these programs in providing meals for students were
6 measured in several key metrics including:

7 **A.** Improved Academic Performance

8 **B.** Reduced Behavioral Problems

9 **C.** Improved Children’s Diets

10 **SECTION 3.** Therefore, Congress will create an annual allotment \$50 billion for the
11 establishment of a permanent fund that shall provide reimbursement to all
12 schools for breakfast and lunch provided to any Pre-K through 12th grade
13 students attending public, charter, or private school. Congress shall review
14 and adjust this amount on an annual basis to ensure it is neither excessive
15 nor insufficient to meet the needs of this legislation.

16 **A.** The administration of these funds will be managed by the Department of
17 Agriculture.

18 **B.** Schools utilizing these funds will be expected to cooperate in measures
19 of performance and progress to help refine the program over time.

20 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

21 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Midland Legacy High School.

We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and its subject matter is approved by school administration.



A Resolution to Standardize GPA Formulas in U.S. High Schools

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Because it is the goal of this Congress to see all students have an
3 equitable chance to attend competitive admissions universities across the
4 nation, we hereby suggest that the Department of Education standardize
5 Grade Point Calculations for all high schools.

6 **SECTION 2.** Each School District in the nation has its own formula for calculating
7 student's Grade Point Average. This creates an inequitable case of
8 gamesmanship for students competing for the limited spots available at
9 the highest level of post-secondary education admission. No student
10 should be punished because their district did not offer weighted courses
11 in its curricula. Creating a standardized formula for GPA calculation
12 normalizes grades, ensures fair comparison among applicants, and
13 evaluates course rigor accurately.

14 **SECTION 3.** Therefore, Congress will create an annual allotment for the promotion of
15 the National Standard GPA program of \$1 billion. Congress shall review
16 and adjust this amount on an annual basis to ensure it is neither
17 excessive nor insufficient to meet the needs of this legislation.

18 A. The administration of this program will be through the Department of
19 Education.

20 B. Schools utilizing these funds will be expected to cooperate in
21 measures of performance and progress to help refine the program
22 over time.

23 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on July 1st 2025.

24 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Midland Legacy High School.

We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and its subject matter is approved by school administration.



A Bill to Incentivize Political Parties to Institute a Gender Quota System

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Political parties shall establish a gender quota system so that 40% of the
3 candidates for the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall be female of
4 those nominated by political parties. Those who do so shall receive increased
5 federal campaign contribution limits and tax benefits.

6 **SECTION 2.** For the purposes of this bill:

- 7 A. Gender Quota System shall be defined as a system where countries or
8 political parties increase representation, in this case for women, by
9 nominating a minimum percentage of candidates, 40%, as women.
10 B. Political Parties are organizations recognized by the FEC and nominate
11 candidates.
12 C. Federal Campaign contribution limits are set by the Federal Election
13 Commission, which currently resides at \$330.
14 D. Tax Benefits is a tax law that helps an organization or individual reduce their
15 tax liability.

16 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Election Commission shall be in charge of the implementation of
17 the legislation.

- 18 C. Political Parties must submit a list of primary nominees before the primary
19 deadline.
20 D. Parties who comply will receive 10% tax credit.
21 E. Parties who comply will also see a \$3300 dollar increase in maximum
22 contribution limits, amending the Federal Election Campaign Act.
23 F. FEC shall publish a report after each election in order to show participation
24 and effectiveness.

25 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with this
26 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

27 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Clerk.



A Bill for National Rent Control

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Rent increases shall not exceed 5% of the current rent or the percentage
3 increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Urban Consumers (U.S. city
4 average) for the preceding year; follow whichever one is lower.

5 **SECTION 2.** Rent will be defined as a tenant's regular payment to a landlord for the use of
6 property or land. Consumer Price Index will be defined as the index of the
7 variation in prices paid by typical consumers for retail goods and other items.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Housing and Urban Development and U.S. Bureau of Labor
9 Statistics shall be in charge of the implementation of this bill.

10 A. The Department of Housing and Urban Development shall ensure that
11 landlords will comply with this piece of legislation.

12 B. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics shall continue to regularly update and
13 publish the Consumer Price Index.

14 C. A complaint process will be created by the Department of Housing and
15 Urban Development to allow people to inform the Department of any
16 violations of the bill.

17 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025.

18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Clerk.



A Bill to Require Voter Registration to Graduate

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Beginning with the graduating class of 2026, all high school students must
3 complete voter registration to be eligible for graduation.

4 **SECTION 2.** "Complete voter registration" means the student has submitted a valid
5 voter registration form, met all state eligibility requirements, and
6 received registration confirmation from the appropriate state or local
7 election authority.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Texas Education Agency (TEA) will oversee the enforcement of this
9 bill.

10 A. The TEA will require schools to provide proof of voter registration for
11 each graduating student as part of their graduation verification
12 process. Go into further details if necessary.

13 B. The TEA will develop and distribute resources to assist schools in
14 facilitating student voter registration, including educational materials
15 and registration form access.

16 **SECTION 4.** This policy will be implemented starting with the 2025-2026 academic
17 year, affecting students graduating from the 2026 academic year onward.

18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Odessa High School.

We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and its subject matter is approved by school administration.



A Bill to Ban Cell Phone Use in Public Schools to Increase Attention Span and Academic Achievement

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Cellular Devices in Public Schools shall be prohibited during school hours.

3 **SECTION 2.** Cellular Devices shall be defined as a telecommunication device that uses
4 radio waves over a networked area (cells) and is served through a cell site
5 or base station at a fixed location, enabling calls to transmit wirelessly
6 over a wide range.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of the
8 bill.

9 A. Federal Funding will be decreased for any district, not in compliance

10 B. Schools shall have the autonomy to implement the device ban.

11 **SECTION 4.** All schools shall meet compliance by August 2025.

12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Clerk.



A Bill to Increase Funding for Dual Language Instruction In American Public Education

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Because United State of American public education continues to fall
3 further behind the world’s secondary education standard as compared to
4 other developed nations based on performance in the Program for
5 International Student Assessment (PISA) administered by the
6 Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD).

7 **SECTION 2.** The countries that are outperforming the United States in their general
8 education rankings all have significant investment in creating multi-
9 lingual education systems. In addition, several meta-studies researching
10 the impact of multi-lingual curricula have shown a positive correlation
11 between multi-lingual students and increased performance on
12 standardized tests.

13 **SECTION 3.** Therefore, Congress will create an annual allotment for the expansion of
14 multi-lingual curricula of \$1 billion. Congress shall review and adjust this
15 amount on an annual basis to ensure it is neither excessive nor
16 insufficient to meet the needs of this legislation.

17 A. The administration of these funds will be managed by the
18 Department of Education.

19 B. Schools utilizing these funds will be expected to cooperate in
20 measures of performance and progress to help refine the curricula
21 over time.

22 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

23 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Midland Legacy High School.



A Bill to Limit Corporate Ownership of Single-Family Homes to Promote Affordable Homeownership

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Corporations with assets over \$10 million shall be limited to owning no more
3 than 100 single-family homes per metropolitan area and 1,000 homes
4 nationwide. A 10% transaction fee will be imposed on these purchases, with
5 proceeds supporting affordable housing initiatives.

6 **SECTION 2.** "Corporate Entity" refers to corporations, partnerships, or similar entities with
7 assets exceeding \$10 million. - "Single-family home" refers to a residential
8 dwelling designed for occupancy by one family.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) will enforce this bill
10 by requiring quarterly disclosures of property ownership and will manage the
11 Affordable Housing Trust Fund, which will be funded by the transaction fees.

12 **SECTION 4.** This Act shall take effect 180 days after enactment.

13 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Odessa High School.